Business Results for the Fiscal Year Ended December 2024

February 7, 2025

Nippon Aqua Co., Ltd.

Tokyo Stock Exchange Prime Section #1429







Financial Highlights

All three divisions—single-family homes, buildings, and waterproofing—successfully navigated the concentrated workload in Q4, achieving record-high quarterly sales in each division.

As a result, we exceeded our revised forecast.

| Net sales | 3 | 0,265 M yen 28,341 M yen | YoY PC Forecast | +1,923 M yen +6.8 % 30,000 M yen |
|--------------|-------------|---------------------------------|-----------------------|--|
| Gross profit | OYA | 6,862 M yen 6,924 M yen | YoY PC Forecast | (62 M yen) (0.9 %) 6,980 M yen |
| Ordinary pr | ofit OYA | 2,604 M yen 2,917 M yen | YoY PC Forecast | (312 M yen) (10.7 %) 2,600 M yen |



Single-family Homes Division

13,704 M yen

OYA 13,798 M yen Forecast 13,450 M yen

YoY (0.7%) Quantity effect (0.7%)

Price effect +0.1%

- √The number of new housing starts continues to show weakness.
- \checkmark Orders from large-scale builders are expanding.
- $\checkmark \mbox{Full-scale}$ orders from new major clients will begin in December.
- ✓Q4 recorded the highest quarterly sales ever.



Buildings Division

9,499 M yen

OYA 8,267 M yen Forecast 9,890 M yen

YoY +14.9% Quantity effect +10.7%

Price effect +4.2%

- ✓ Positive market conditions persist.
- ✓ Delays due to other companies' circumstances occurred until Q3.
- \checkmark Additional work on large projects improved profit margins.
- ✓Q4 recorded the highest quarterly sales ever.



Waterproofing Division, Others

| J | 7 AQUA | 7,062 | M yen |
|-----|--|-------|-------------------------|
| | OYA Forecast | • | M yen M yen |
| YoY | Waterproofing Raw materials Others | +310 | M yen M yen M yen |

- √The waterproofing division sees strong demand for non-residential renovations.
- ✓Bundled sales in the single-family homes division boosted auxiliary supplies.
- ✓Strengthening the construction system also increased sales of blowing equipment.



Financial Forecasts

We will prioritize market share expansion following the fiscal year ending December 2024. Additionally, we will accelerate the hiring of internal installation work personnel, leading to upfront investments.

We anticipate a gross profit margin of 22.8% and an ordinary profit margin of 8.9%.

| Net sales OYA | 34,360 M yen 30,265 M yen | Amount PC | +4,095 M yen +13.5 % |
|-----------------|--------------------------------|--------------|-------------------------|
| Gross profit | 7,843 M yen 6,862 M yen | Amount | +981 M yen |
| OYA | | PC | +14.3 % |
| Ordinary profit | 3,062 M yen 2,604 M yen | Amount | +458 M yen |
| OYA | | PC | +17.6 % |



Single-family Homes Division

14,435 M yen

OYA 13,704 M yen Amount +731 M yen)

YoY +5.3% Quantity effect +7.3%Price effect (2.0%)

- √The number of new housing starts continues to show weakness.
- ✓Orders from new major clients will contribute throughout the year.
- $\checkmark \text{Q1}$ will benefit from the effect of the No. 4 special exception.
- ✓ Prioritize market share expansion by keeping prices low.
- ✓ Expansion of Class 6 (GX-oriented housing).



Buildings Division

11,881 M yen

OYA 9,499 M yen Amount +2,382 M yen)

YoY +25.1% Quantity effect +37.8% Price effect (12.7%)

- ✓ Fewer large facilities, with an increase in apartments and similar structures.
- ✓ Average unit price decline due to sales mix.
- ✓ Cost improvements associated with strengthening the construction management division.



YoY Waterproofing +780 M yen
Raw materials +171 M yen
Others +30 M yen

- \checkmark The waterproofing division is expanding in non-residential projects.
- ✓Strengthening the construction system increased sales of blowing equipment.



FY2024
Dividend per share

34.0 yen

Payout ratio 58.1 %

Previous period 32.0 yen

FY2025 Dividend per share

35.0 yen

Payout ratio 53.2 %

Dividend per share

√We have introduced a progressive dividend system.

 \checkmark We will maintain a dividend payout ratio target of over 50%.

Agenda



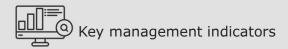
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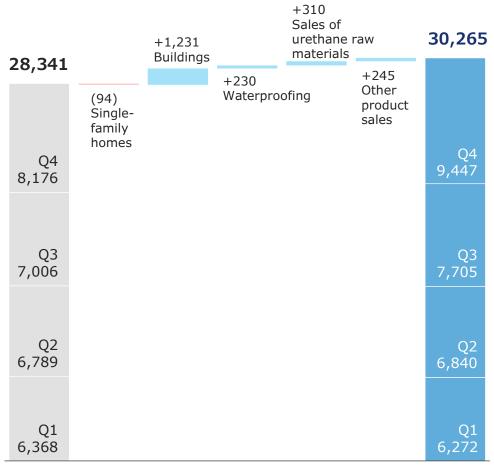
Fiscal Year Ended December 2024

Net Sales

30,265 M yen YoY +1,923 M yen PC +6.8 %
OYA 28,341 M yen Forecast 30,000 M yen



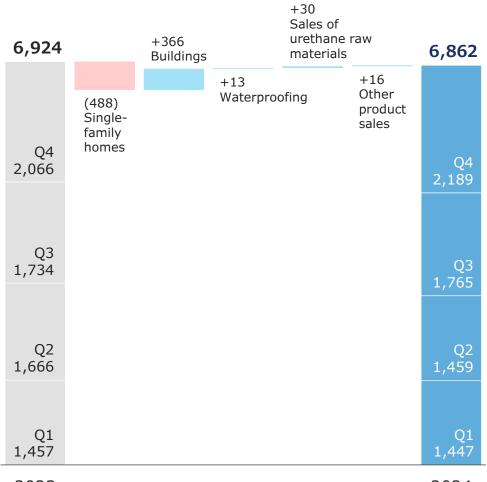
| | FY2023 | FY2024 |
|-------------------------|--------|--------|
| Return on equity | 23.2% | 18.5% |
| Net profit margin | 7.1% | 6.1% |
| Asset turnover | 1.34 | 1.36 |
| Equity multiplier | 2.45 | 2.24 |
| Dividend payout ratio | 50.1% | 58.1% |
| Sustainable growth rate | 11.6% | 7.8% |





Fiscal Year Ended December 2024

Gross Profit

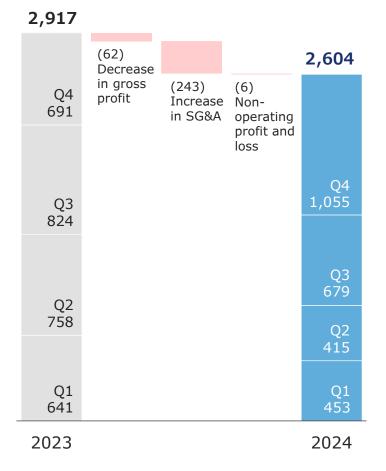




Fiscal Year Ended December 2024

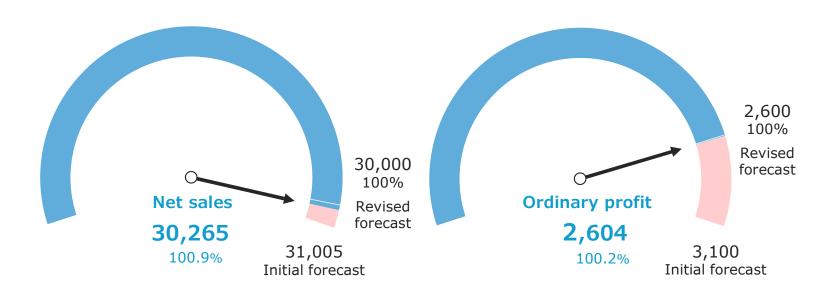
Ordinary Profit

^{*}For a breakdown of major SG&A expenses, please refer to page 22.





Results Compared to Full-Year Financial Forecast (M yen)





Income Statement (M yen,%)

| | FY2023 | FY2024 | Yo | Υ | | vs Forecast | |
|---------------------------------|---------|---------|--------|-----------|----------|-------------|-----------|
| | Jan-Dec | Jan-Dec | Amount | Change(%) | Forecast | Amount | Change(%) |
| Net sales | 28,341 | 30,265 | +1,923 | +6.8 | 30,000 | +265 | +0.9 |
| Single-family homes | 13,798 | 13,704 | (94) | (0.7) | 13,450 | +254 | +1.9 |
| Buildings | 8,267 | 9,499 | +1,231 | +14.9 | 9,890 | (390) | (4.0) |
| Waterproofing | 489 | 719 | +230 | +47.1 | 815 | (95) | (11.7) |
| Sales of urethane raw materials | 1,916 | 2,226 | +310 | +16.2 | 2,235 | (8) | (0.4) |
| Other product sales | 3,869 | 4,115 | +245 | +6.3 | 3,610 | +505 | +14.0 |
| Cost of sales | 21,417 | 23,403 | +1,985 | +9.3 | 23,020 | +382 | +1.7 |
| Gross profit | 6,924 | 6,862 | (62) | (0.9) | 6,980 | (117) | (1.7) |
| Single-family homes | 3,685 | 3,196 | (488) | (13.3) | 3,160 | +36 | +1.1 |
| Buildings | 1,963 | 2,329 | +366 | +18.7 | 2,324 | +5 | +0.2 |
| Waterproofing | (35) | (22) | +13 | _ | 52 | (75) | (142.2) |
| Sales of urethane raw materials | 342 | 372 | +30 | +8.8 | 398 | (25) | (6.5) |
| Other product sales | 968 | 984 | +16 | +1.7 | 1,043 | (58) | (5.6) |
| SG&A expenses | 4,042 | 4,286 | +243 | +6.0 | 4,380 | (93) | (2.1) |
| Operating profit | 2,881 | 2,575 | (306) | (10.6) | 2,600 | (24) | (0.9) |
| Ordinary profit | 2,917 | 2,604 | (312) | (10.7) | 2,600 | +4 | +0.2 |
| Profit | 2,004 | 1,839 | (164) | (8.2) | 1,755 | +84 | +4.8 |
| Dividend per share (yen) | 32.0 | 34.0 | +2.0 | | 34.0 | +0.0 | |



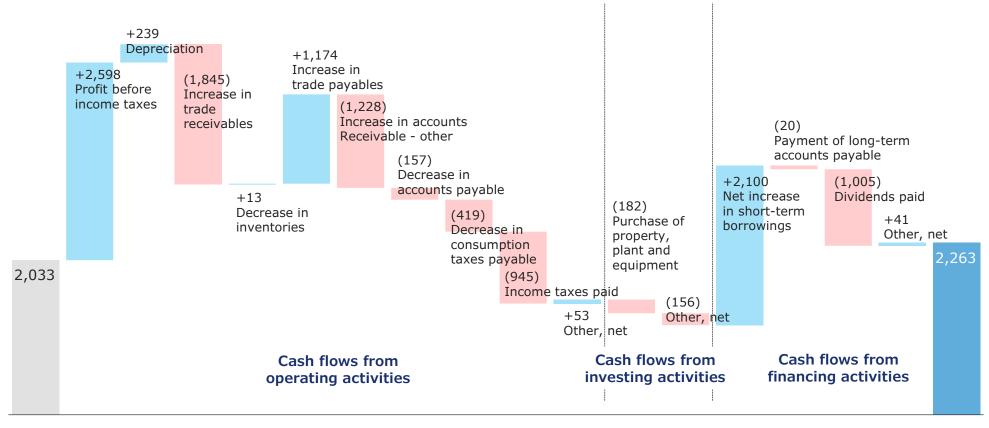
Balance Sheet (M yen)

| | As of Dec 31 2023 | As of Dec 31 2024 |
|--|----------------------|----------------------|
| Assets | | |
| Current assets | | |
| Cash and deposits | 2,033 | 2,263 |
| Notes and accounts receivable - trade, and contract assets | 6,397 | 8,117 |
| Electronically recorded monetary claims | 1,098 | 1,142 |
| Inventories | 2,209 | 2,222 |
| Accounts receivable - other | 3,648 | 4,853 |
| Total current assets | 15,472 | 18,819 |
| Non-current assets | | |
| Total property, plant and equipment | 4,367 | 4,271 |
| Total intangible assets | 85 | 79 |
| Total investments and other assets | 466 | 900 |
| Total non-current assets | 4,919 | 5,251 |
| | | |
| Total assets | 20,392 | 24,071 |

| | As of Dec 31 | As of Dec 31 |
|----------------------------------|--------------|--------------|
| | 2023 | 2024 |
| Liabilities | | |
| Current liabilities | | |
| Accounts payable - trade | 6,453 | 7,556 |
| Short-term borrowings | 2,400 | 4,500 |
| Total current liabilities | 10,927 | 13,415 |
| Non-current liabilities | | |
| Total non-current liabilities | 159 | 109 |
| Total liabilities | 11,087 | 13,525 |
| Net assets | | |
| Share capital | 1,903 | 1,903 |
| Capital surplus | 1,912 | 2,015 |
| Retained earnings | 7,523 | 8,357 |
| Treasury shares | (2,035) | (1,731) |
| Total net assets | 9,304 | 10,545 |
| Total liabilities and net assets | 20,392 | 24,071 |



Cash Flow Statement (M yen)



Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of period

Cash and cash equivalents at end of period





Construction employees by 100 annually. From 2025 onwards, we w Capability Trends installation work personnel.

✓ Aim to build an overwhelmingly superior system in terms of both quality and quantity compared to competitors.

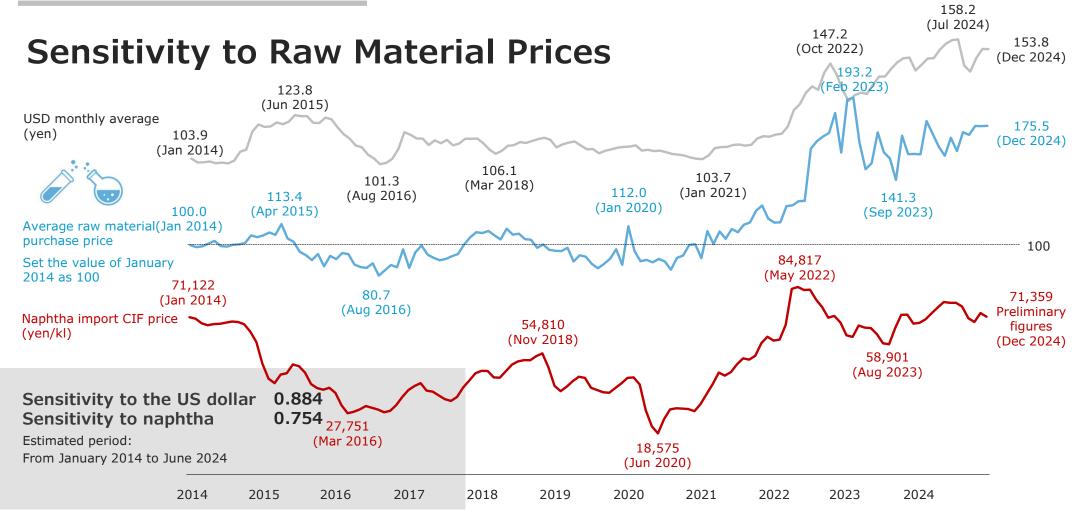
✓ Since 2023, we have been working to increase the number of certified contractor employees by 100 annually.

✓ From 2025 onwards, we will further strengthen the recruitment of Nippon Aqua internal installation work personnel.



Technical Intern Trainees are entitled to a temporary return to their home country under the Technical Intern Training Act.





It is not a transition under the same conditions due to an increase in the products handled and the purchase volume.

Agenda



- 1 FY2024 Financial Highlights Overview
- FY2025 Financial Forecast
 Revision on Mid-Term Management Plan
- Single-family Homes Division
- Buildings Division
- Waterproofing Division, etc.
- Appendix



Fiscal Years Ending December 2025 and December 2026

Outlook by Division



Single-Family Homes Division

- √The number of new housing starts is on a declining trend.
- ✓ Class 6 and above is gradually expanding.
- ✓Insulation remodeling is also spreading.
- √The expansion of large-scale builders continues.
- ✓ Focus on expanding market share in highly competitive regions.



Buildings Division

- √The market environment remains robust.
- ✓ Particularly in the three major metropolitan areas, the market continues to boom.
- ✓Achieve over 20% growth annually as initially planned.
- ✓ Fewer large facilities, with an increase in apartments and similar structures.
- ✓ Cost reduction through strengthening the construction management division.



Waterproofing Division

- √The market environment is stable.
- ✓Renovation demand is increasing due to rising construction costs, etc.
- ✓ Large renovation projects are increasing due to our enhanced presence.
- ✓ Focus on strengthening the organizational structure.
- ✓Strengthen the allocation of management resources and consider M&A.



Other Product Sales

- ✓ Sales of urethane raw materials: There is market potential, but no change from the plan due to the need for system development.
- ✓ Sales of machinery: Increase due to strengthening of the construction system (stronger than planned).
- ✓ Continuation of strengthening the construction system.





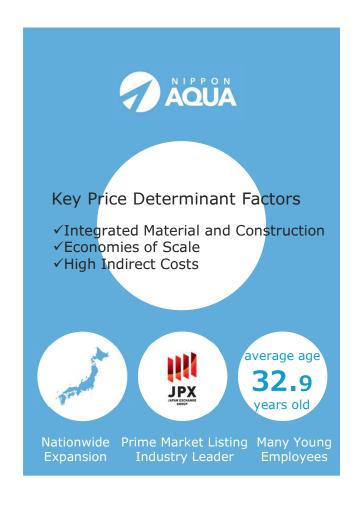
Strategy for Expanding Market Share, Beyond That

Establishing a dominant market position and exploring new opportunities.

Many of the urethane construction companies that compete with us are small and mediumsized enterprises or small businesses with limited operational areas.

These competitors are expected to incur higher costs compared to us because they need to procure urethane raw materials.

However, unlike our company, which is listed on the Prime Market, these competitors often have lower indirect costs, allowing them to engage in price competition. If we can suppress this competitive advantage of price competition, there is a potential for new business opportunities to expand for our company.



Competing Urethane Construction Companies

Key Price Determinant Factors

✓ Urethane Raw Materials are Purchased✓ Low Indirect Costs







Regional Limitation

Small and Medium-sized Enterprises

Aging Population

Small Businesses



Presence or Absence of Competition and Gross Profit Margin

Regions with low competition

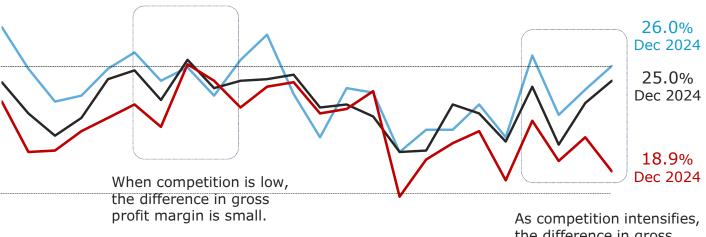
Company average

Regions with intense competition

28.6% Jan 2023

24.9% Jan 2023

23.6% Jan 2023



As competition intensifies, the difference in gross profit margin also widens.



Cash Allocation

Our company is a construction firm, and due to the high proportion of construction sales, strengthening the construction system is essential for business growth.

Specifically, in addition to increasing construction personnel (such as internal installation work personnel) and expanding spraying machines, it is necessary to establish new logistics centers (business offices) and small warehouses as ancillary facilities.

Moreover, since our business model is structured with investment preceding returns, there may be instances where expenses precede in the income statement and cash flow.

2024 Medium-Term Management Plan Announcement





Operating funds
due to
investment in
waterproofing,
etc. and business
expansion



2025 Revision of the Medium-Term Management Plan



Shareholder return
3.3 bn yen or more
Dividend payout
ratio 50%

Logistics base
(sales office)
1.5 bn yen or more

Expansion of internal installation work personnel

Characteristics

3-4 bn yen

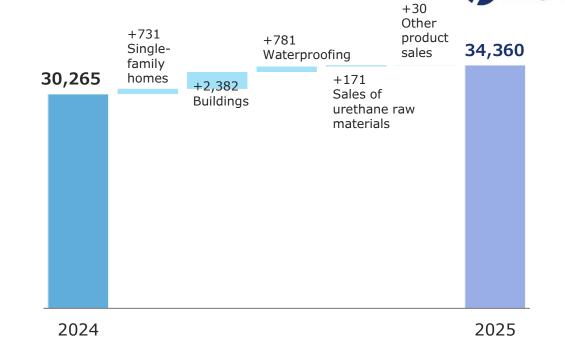
Strengthening of the Waterproofing Division

- ✓ Reduction in projected operating cash flow due to the revision of financial forecasts
- √The reduction in projected operating cash flow is planned to be addressed with debt financing
- ✓Regarding shareholder returns, a progressive dividend system will be introduced, setting a minimum dividend
- \checkmark Accelerate the establishment of logistics centers (business offices) and small warehouses, and increase spraying machines
- ✓ Due to the rise in land prices and construction costs, expenses related to logistics centers (business offices) are increasing

Fiscal Year Ending December 2025

Net Sales

34,360 M yen YoY +4,095 M yen OYA 30,265 M yen PC +13.5 %



| | FY2023 | | | | | FY2024 | | | | | FY2025 F | orecast | | | |
|---------------------------|------------|-------|-------|-------|--------|--------|-------|-------|-------|--------|----------|---------|-------|-------|--------|
| | Q1 | Q2 | Q3 | Q4 | Total | Q1 | Q2 | Q3 | Q4 | Total | Q1 | Q2 | Q3 | Q4 | Total |
| Net sales | 6,368 | 6,789 | 7,006 | 8,176 | 28,341 | 6,272 | 6,840 | 7,705 | 9,447 | 30,265 | 7,247 | 8,332 | 8,802 | 9,978 | 34,360 |
| Single-family homes | 3,221 | 3,287 | 3,509 | 3,780 | 13,798 | 2,985 | 3,276 | 3,421 | 4,020 | 13,704 | 3,140 | 3,466 | 3,538 | 4,290 | 14,435 |
| Buildings | 1,912 | 1,936 | 2,068 | 2,350 | 8,267 | 1,929 | 2,064 | 2,460 | 3,044 | 9,499 | 2,484 | 2,899 | 3,073 | 3,423 | 11,881 |
| Waterproofing | 126 | 122 | 100 | 139 | 489 | 136 | 124 | 174 | 284 | 719 | 212 | 324 | 382 | 582 | 1,500 |
| Sales of urethane raw mat | erials 337 | 428 | 510 | 638 | 1,916 | 414 | 507 | 510 | 794 | 2,226 | 503 | 544 | 625 | 726 | 2,398 |
| Other product sales | 770 | 1,015 | 817 | 1,266 | 3,869 | 807 | 866 | 1,137 | 1,303 | 4,115 | 907 | 1,098 | 1,183 | 955 | 4,145 |

Fiscal Year Ending December 2025

Gross Profit

7,843 M yen

YoY

OYA

6,862 M yen

PC

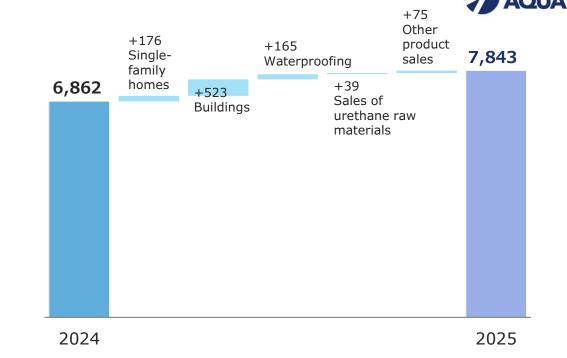
+981 M yen

+14.3 %

GPM

22.7 % ▶

22.8 %



| | FY2023 | | | | | FY2024 | FY2025 Forecast | | | | | | | | |
|----------------------------|-----------|-------|-------|-------|-------|--------|-----------------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|
| | Q1 | Q2 | Q3 | Q4 | Total | Q1 | Q2 | Q3 | Q4 | Total | Q1 | Q2 | Q3 | Q4 | Total |
| Gross profit | 1,457 | 1,666 | 1,734 | 2,066 | 6,924 | 1,447 | 1,459 | 1,765 | 2,189 | 6,862 | 1,587 | 1,911 | 2,029 | 2,314 | 7,843 |
| Single-family homes | 876 | 866 | 929 | 1,012 | 3,685 | 730 | 777 | 778 | 909 | 3,196 | 703 | 797 | 820 | 1,051 | 3,373 |
| Buildings | 361 | 450 | 540 | 610 | 1,963 | 454 | 443 | 583 | 847 | 2,329 | 571 | 697 | 742 | 841 | 2,853 |
| Waterproofing | (21) | (12) | (1) | 0 | (35) | 2 | (10) | 0 | (15) | (22) | (1) | 32 | 45 | 66 | 143 |
| Sales of urethane raw mate | erials 63 | 82 | 89 | 107 | 342 | 74 | 89 | 89 | 118 | 372 | 84 | 92 | 108 | 127 | 412 |
| Other product sales | 177 | 279 | 175 | 336 | 968 | 181 | 162 | 312 | 328 | 984 | 229 | 292 | 311 | 226 | 1,060 |



Fiscal Year Ending December 2025

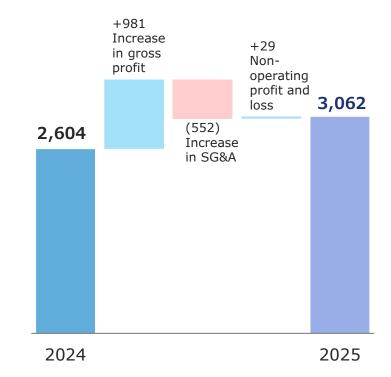
Ordinary Profit

OYA

3,062 M yen

+458 M yen) 2,604 M yen PC +17.6 %)

Ordinary PM 8.6 % 8.9 %



| | FY2023 | | | | | FY2024 | | | | | FY2025 F | orecast | | | |
|--------------------------|--------|-----|-----|-------|-------|--------|-------|-------|-------|-------|----------|---------|-------|-------|-------|
| | Q1 | Q2 | Q3 | Q4 | Total | Q1 | Q2 | Q3 | Q4 | Total | Q1 | Q2 | Q3 | Q4 | Total |
| SG&A | 829 | 913 | 915 | 1,383 | 4,042 | 1,002 | 1,055 | 1,093 | 1,135 | 4,286 | 1,141 | 1,266 | 1,220 | 1,210 | 4,838 |
| Payroll cost | 432 | 480 | 477 | 738 | 2,128 | 557 | 577 | 576 | 585 | 2,296 | 573 | 673 | 624 | 630 | 2,502 |
| Trainee related expenses | 56 | 62 | 60 | 89 | 267 | 72 | 93 | 113 | 144 | 423 | 111 | 137 | 130 | 133 | 512 |
| Travel expenses | 53 | 66 | 64 | 66 | 250 | 53 | 58 | 65 | 59 | 236 | 64 | 64 | 64 | 64 | 258 |
| Rent expenses | 45 | 46 | 48 | 50 | 190 | 49 | 55 | 55 | 61 | 221 | 61 | 61 | 61 | 61 | 245 |
| Depreciation expenses | 39 | 41 | 41 | 42 | 164 | 41 | 43 | 43 | 44 | 173 | 54 | 56 | 59 | 60 | 231 |
| Ordinary Profit | 641 | 758 | 824 | 691 | 2,917 | 453 | 415 | 679 | 1,055 | 2,604 | 456 | 658 | 825 | 1,122 | 3,062 |



Earnings Forecast (M yen,%)

| | FY2024 | FY2025 | Yo | Υ | FY20 |)26 (vs FY2025 | 5) |
|---------------------------------|---------|---------|--------|-----------|----------|----------------|-----------|
| | Jan-Dec | Jan-Dec | Amount | Change(%) | Forecast | Amount | Change(%) |
| Net sales | 30,265 | 34,360 | +4,095 | +11.9 | 37,000 | +2,639 | +7.7 |
| Single-family homes | 13,704 | 14,435 | +731 | +5.3 | 14,800 | +364 | +2.5 |
| Buildings | 9,499 | 11,881 | +2,382 | +25.1 | 13,500 | +1,618 | +13.6 |
| Waterproofing | 719 | 1,500 | +780 | +108.3 | 2,000 | +500 | +33.3 |
| Sales of urethane raw materials | 2,226 | 2,398 | +171 | +7.7 | 2,500 | +101 | +4.2 |
| Other product sales | 4,115 | 4,145 | +30 | +0.7 | 4,200 | +54 | +1.3 |
| Cost of sales | 23,403 | 26,517 | +3,114 | +13.3 | 28,400 | +1,882 | +7.1 |
| Gross profit | 6,862 | 7,843 | +981 | +14.3 | 8,600 | +756 | +9.6 |
| Single-family homes | 3,196 | 3,373 | +176 | +5.5 | 3,552 | +178 | +5.3 |
| Buildings | 2,329 | 2,853 | +523 | +22.5 | 3,240 | +386 | +13.6 |
| Waterproofing | (22) | 143 | +165 | _ | 220 | +76 | +53.4 |
| Sales of urethane raw materials | 372 | 412 | +39 | +10.7 | 450 | +37 | +9.0 |
| Other product sales | 984 | 1,060 | +75 | +7.7 | 1,138 | +77 | +7.3 |
| SG&A expenses | 4,286 | 4,838 | +552 | +12.9 | 5,200 | +361 | +7.5 |
| Operating profit | 2,575 | 3,004 | +429 | +16.7 | 3,400 | +395 | +13.1 |
| Ordinary profit | 2,604 | 3,062 | +458 | +17.6 | 3,405 | +342 | +11.2 |
| Profit | 1,839 | 2,067 | +227 | +12.4 | 2,298 | +231 | +11.2 |
| Dividend per share (yen) | 34.0 | 35.0 | | | 36.0 | | |



Difference from the Initial Plan (M yen,%)

| | FY2025 | FY2025 | Difference from | n Original Plan | FY2026 | FY2026 | Difference from | Original Plan |
|---------------------------------|--------------|----------------|-----------------|-----------------|--------------|----------------|-----------------|---------------|
| | Initial Plan | After revision | Amount | Change(%) | Initial Plan | After revision | Amount | Change(%) |
| Net sales | 35,632 | 34,360 | (1,271) | (3.6) | 41,021 | 37,000 | (4,021) | (9.8) |
| Single-family homes | 15,367 | 14,435 | (931) | (6.1) | 16,503 | 14,800 | (1,703) | (10.3) |
| Buildings | 12,510 | 11,881 | (628) | (5.0) | 15,119 | 13,500 | (1,619) | (10.7) |
| Waterproofing | 1,500 | 1,500 | +0 | +0.0 | 2,500 | 2,000 | (500) | (20.0) |
| Sales of urethane raw materials | 2,578 | 2,398 | (179) | (6.9) | 2,964 | 2,500 | (464) | (15.7) |
| Other product sales | 3,677 | 4,145 | +468 | +12.7 | 3,935 | 4,200 | +265 | +6.7 |
| Cost of sales | 27,081 | 26,517 | (563) | (2.1) | 31,176 | 28,400 | (2,776) | (8.9) |
| Gross profit | 8,551 | 7,843 | (707) | (8.3) | 9,845 | 8,600 | (1,245) | (12.6) |
| Single-family homes | 3,688 | 3,373 | (314) | (8.5) | 3,960 | 3,552 | (408) | (10.3) |
| Buildings | 3,377 | 2,853 | (523) | (15.5) | 4,082 | 3,240 | (842) | (20.6) |
| Waterproofing | 150 | 143 | (6) | (4.0) | 250 | 220 | (30) | (12.0) |
| Sales of urethane raw materials | 464 | 412 | (51) | (11.0) | 533 | 450 | (83) | (15.6) |
| Other product sales | 872 | 1,060 | +188 | +0.0 | 1,020 | 1,138 | +118 | +11.6 |
| SG&A expenses | 4,809 | 4,838 | +29 | +0.6 | 5,332 | 5,200 | (132) | (2.5) |
| Operating profit | 3,741 | 3,004 | (737) | (19.7) | 4,512 | 3,400 | (1,112) | (24.6) |
| Ordinary profit | 3,741 | 3,062 | (679) | (18.2) | 4,512 | 3,405 | (1,107) | (24.5) |
| Profit | 2,525 | 2,067 | (458) | (18.1) | 3,045 | 2,298 | (747) | (24.5) |
| Dividend per share (yen) | 40.0 | 35.0 | (5.0) | | 49.0 | 36.0 | (13.0) | |

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A Single-family Homes Division

| FY2024 | OYA | 13,798 | М | | |
|--------------|-----|--------|----|------|----|
| | YoY | (94 | M) | (0.7 | %) |
| 13,704 M yen | GPM | 26.7 | % | 23.3 | % |

| FY2025 Forecast | OYA | 13,704 M | | | | |
|-----------------|-----|----------|--------|--|--|--|
| 11202310100030 | YoY | +731 M | +5.3 % | | | |
| 14,435 M yen | GPM | 23.3 % | 23.4 % | | | |

Quantity effect



√The quantity effect is -102 million yen.

✓Orders from the most prioritized builders have significantly increased.

✓Orders from large-scale builders have begun in earnest since December.

✓Orders from community-based builders have decreased.

Price effect



√The price effect is +7 million yen.

√Insulation Class 5 installations are predominant, with Class 4 being almost zero (Class 4 projects in 2023 account for about 30% of all projects).

 \checkmark Implementing pricing strategies to expand market share.

✓ Price competition with competitors.

√The quantity effect is +999 million yen.

✓Increase in order volume due to the expansion of operations by the most prioritized builders.

✓Orders from large-scale builders contribute throughout the year.

√Community-based builders continue to face a challenging environment.

√The price effect is -268 million yen.

√Approximately 90% are Class 5, and 10% are expected to be Class 6.

√Airtightness measurement services are expanding.

 \checkmark The influence of major builders is increasing, suppressing unit prices.

✓ Price competition with competitors continues.

| | FY2023 | | FY2024 | FY2024 | | | | | FY2025 Forecast | | | | | | |
|------------------|--------|-------|--------|--------|--------|-------|-------|-------|-----------------|--------|-------|-------|-------|-------|--------|
| | Q1 | Q2 | Q3 | Q4 | Total | Q1 | Q2 | Q3 | Q4 | Total | Q1 | Q2 | Q3 | Q4 | Total |
| Net sales | 3,221 | 3,287 | 3,509 | 3,780 | 13,798 | 2,985 | 3,276 | 3,421 | 4,020 | 13,704 | 3,140 | 3,466 | 3,538 | 4,290 | 14,435 |
| Gross profit | 876 | 866 | 929 | 1,012 | 3,685 | 730 | 777 | 778 | 909 | 3,196 | 703 | 797 | 820 | 1,051 | 3,373 |
| Num (YoY) | (13%) | (13%) | (8%) | (4%) | (9%) | (11%) | (1%) | (0%) | +9% | (1%) | +7% | +8% | +5% | +9% | +7% |
| Unit price (YoY) | +14% | +9% | +9% | +7% | +10% | +5% | +1% | (2%) | (2%) | +0% | (1%) | (2%) | (2%) | (2%) | (2%) |





The reduction of the No.4 Special Exception (Examination Omission System) [Effectively Abolished]

A rush in demand occurs

The Examination Omission System, based on Article 6-4 of the Building Standards Act, allows for the simplification of examinations such as structural calculation documents during building confirmation, and is also known as the "No.4 Special Exception." No.4 Special Exception applies when an architect designs small-scale buildings.

With the revision of the Building Standards Act in April 2025, the framework of 4th Category buildings will be abolished and divided into new No.2 and new No.3 buildings. However, those that commenced construction before the effective date (by March 31, 2025) are excluded.

The abolition of No.4 Special Exception is due to concerns about structural calculation errors and safety, aiming for strict examinations for all buildings to improve building quality and ensure safety.





Total floor area exceeding 200m²

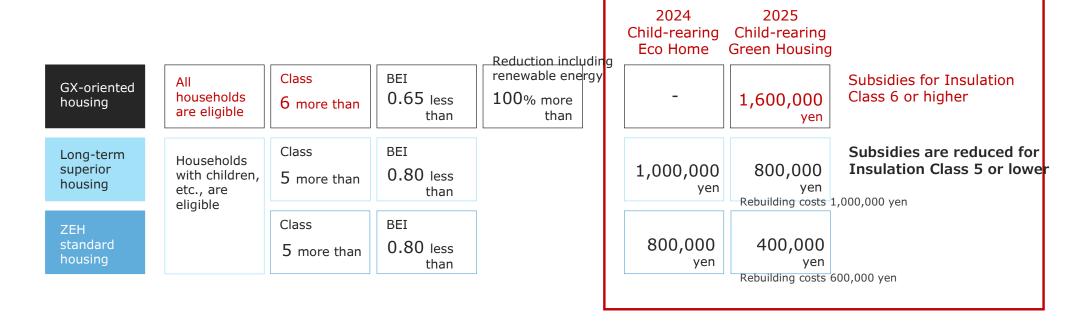






Subsidies for New Houses with Insulation Class 6 or Higher

FY2025 "Child-rearing Green Housing Support Project"
Projects starting on or after November 22, 2024, are eligible.







Expansion of Opportunities for Insulation Retrofit in Renovations

FY2025 "Child-rearing Green Housing Support Project"

Projects starting on or after November 22, 2024, are eligible.





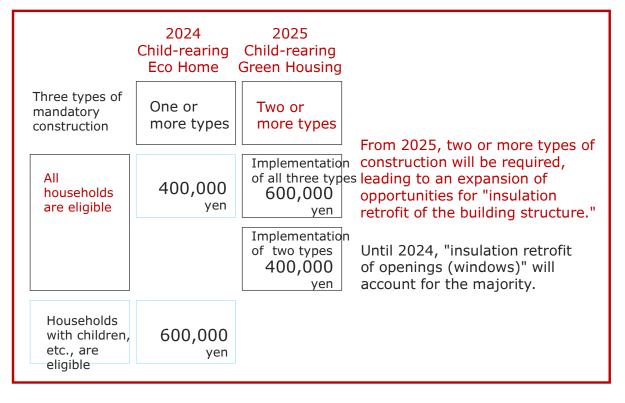
Insulation retrofit of openings



retrofit of the building structure



Insulation Installation of eco-friendly housing equipment





Insulation Without Airtightness is Powerless.

Next-generation housing performance proposal supervised by Associate Professor Masayuki Maeyuki

Realizing future homes with Insulation Class 6.5+aand airtightness measurement service

Insulation Class 6

Assuming the number of constructions in fiscal 2023 is 1

√2024: 1.4 times

√2025: 5.1 times

(approximately 10% of all

constructions)

Airtightness Measurement Services

Ratio to total number of constructions

√2023: 4.4%

√2024: 9.8%

√2025: 20% (forecast)



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Buildings Division

| FY2024 | OYA | 8,267 M | |
|-------------|-----|----------|---------|
| | YoY | +1,231 M | +14.9 % |
| 9,499 M yen | GPM | 23.7 % | 24.5 % |

| FY2025 Forecast | OYA | 9,499 | М | | |
|-----------------|-----|--------|---|-------|--|
| | YoY | +2,382 | М | +25.1 | |
| 11,881 M yen | GPM | 24.5 | | 24.0 | |

Quantity effect



√The quantity effect is +886 million yen.

 \checkmark There is an increase in large items such as manufacturing equipment.

√Due to circumstances of other companies, we experienced "standby (delays)".

✓ Unable to fully recover from the delays.

Price effect



√The price effect is +346 million yen.

✓ Expansion of AQUA MOEN NEO construction in facility properties.

 \checkmark Partial contribution from the price revision effect in the latter half of 2023.

√The quantity effect is +3,587 million yen.

√The Kanto region continues to perform well in both facility and redevelopment properties.

✓In the Chubu and Kansai regions, facility properties are in a lull, with an increased weight on redevelopment properties.

✓Orders and appointments are progressing smoothly (22% increase compared to the same period last year on a monetary basis).

√The price effect is -1,204 million yen.

√Increased weight of AQUA FOAM NEO construction.

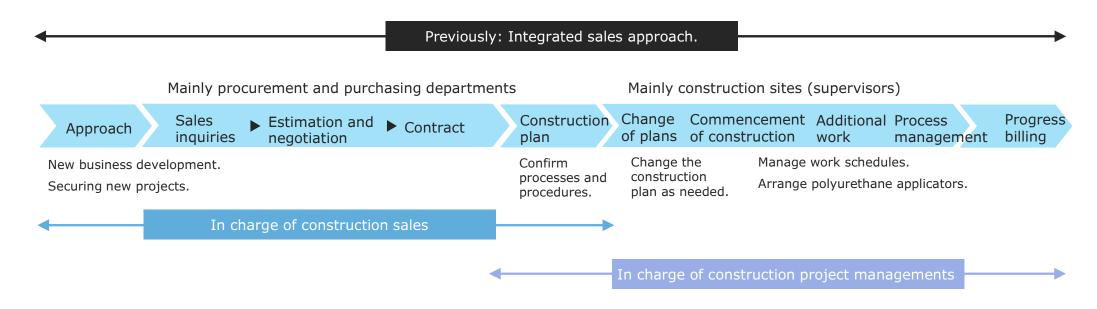
| | FY2023 | | | | | FY2024 | | | | | FY2025 I | Forecast | | | |
|------------------|--------|-------|-------|-------|-------|--------|-------|-------|-------|-------|----------|----------|-------|-------|--------|
| | Q1 | Q2 | Q3 | Q4 | Total | Q1 | Q2 | Q3 | Q4 | Total | Q1 | Q2 | Q3 | Q4 | Total |
| Net sales | 1,912 | 1,936 | 2,068 | 2,350 | 8,267 | 1,929 | 2,064 | 2,460 | 3,044 | 9,499 | 2,484 | 2,899 | 3,073 | 3,423 | 11,881 |
| Gross profit | 361 | 450 | 540 | 610 | 1,963 | 454 | 443 | 583 | 847 | 2,329 | 571 | 697 | 742 | 841 | 2,853 |
| Area (YoY) | (4%) | (9%) | (19%) | (14%) | (12%) | (8%) | +12% | +17% | +21% | +11% | +47% | +33% | +40% | +34% | +38% |
| Unit price (YoY) | +40% | +50% | +41% | +24% | +37% | +10% | (5%) | +1% | +7% | +4% | (12%) | +6% | (11%) | (16%) | (9%) |





Established the Construction Project Management Department

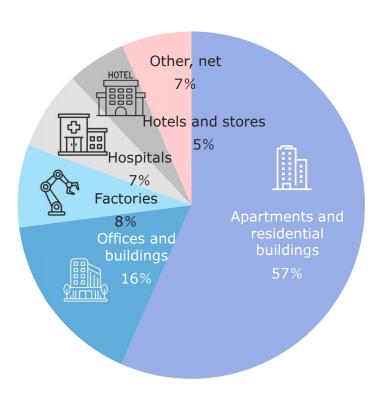
- ✓ Reduced "standby" by maintaining close relationships with construction sites.
- ✓ Made beneficial proposals during the construction period to streamline processes.
- ✓Improved cash flow by speeding up progress billing (settlement).



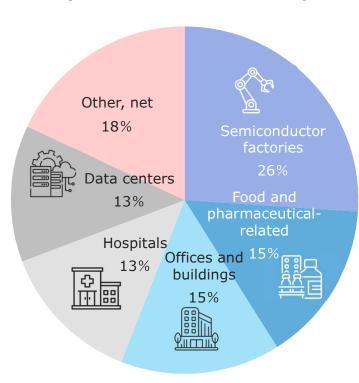


Performance by Building Use (on a monetary basis)

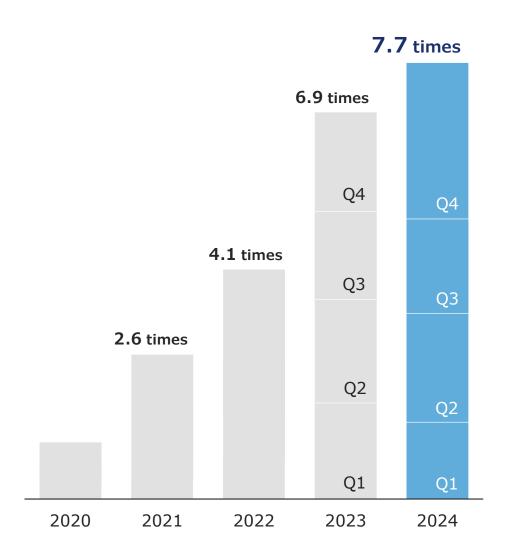
AQUA FOAM NEO



AQUA MOEN NEO (Non-flammable Insulation)









Net Sales of Non- flammable Insulation

Magnification when 2020 is 1



High-performance insulation that is non-flammable and approved by the Minister of Land, Infrastructure, Transport and Tourism

Born from the need for construction sites to eliminate fire risks, it demonstrates a high level of flame-retardant performance when exposed to welding, steel cutting, welding sparks, etc. at construction sites



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Waterproofing Division

| FY2024 | OYA | 489 M | |
|-----------|-----|---------|---------|
| | YoY | +230 M | +47.1 % |
| 719 M yen | GPM | (7.2 %) | (3.1 %) |

| FY2025 Forecast | OYA | 719 | М | |
|------------------|-----|------|----|----------|
| 1 12023 10100030 | YoY | +780 | М | +108.3 % |
| 1,500 M yen | GPM | (3.1 | %) | 9.6 % |

Noteworthy Items

- ✓Increased recognition through construction achievements and exhibition effects
- ✓Strengthening of the organizational structure has led to an increase in non-residential renovation projects
- ✓ Repeat renovation work for PLANT Co., Ltd. (Fukui Prefecture) stores
- ✓Implemented third-party logistics (parking lot) construction, expanding to other properties
- ✓ Continuously carrying out renovation work for facilities of leading Japanese corporations

- ✓Ongoing strengthening of the organizational structure
- ✓ Promoting renovation work sales to facility owners
- ✓ Enhancing exposure through web and media
- ✓ Developing bundled proposals with Aqua Foam for detached housing
- ✓ Expanding third-party logistics construction to other properties

| | FY2023 | | | | | FY2024 | | | | | FY2025 F | orecast | | | |
|------------------------------|--------|------|-----|-----|-------|--------|------|-----|------|-------|----------|---------|-----|-----|-------|
| | Q1 | Q2 | Q3 | Q4 | Total | Q1 | Q2 | Q3 | Q4 | Total | Q1 | Q2 | Q3 | Q4 | Total |
| Waterproofing division sales | 126 | 122 | 100 | 139 | 489 | 136 | 124 | 174 | 284 | 719 | 212 | 324 | 382 | 582 | 1,500 |
| Single-family homes | 90 | 107 | 91 | 123 | 412 | 110 | 93 | 85 | 144 | 434 | 68 | 79 | 87 | 121 | 355 |
| Non-residential | 36 | 14 | 9 | 15 | 76 | 25 | 31 | 88 | 139 | 285 | 144 | 245 | 295 | 460 | 1,144 |
| Gross profit | (21) | (12) | (1) | 0 | (35) | 2 | (10) | 0 | (15) | (22) | (1) | 32 | 45 | 66 | 143 |

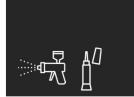


Sales of Urethane Raw Materials

✓ Sales of materials for buildings are strong.

✓ Continue to focus on the sales of materials for buildings.





| FY2024 | OYA | 3,869 M | |
|-------------|-----|---------|--------|
| | YoY | +245 M | +6.3 % |
| 4,115 M yen | GPM | 25.0 % | 23.9 % |

 $\checkmark\mbox{Increase}$ in machinery sales due to the expansion of the construction system.

 $\checkmark \mbox{Growth in auxiliary supplies sales through bundled proposals and campaigns.}$

- $\checkmark\!$ Continue to expand machinery sales with the expansion of the construction system.
- ✓ Continue bundled proposals for auxiliary supplies.
- ✓ Strengthen sales of single-component Aqua Foam to home improvement centers.

| | FY2023 | | | | FY2024 | | | | | FY2025 Forecast | | | | | |
|---------------------------------|--------|-------|-----|-------|--------|-----|-----|-------|-------|-----------------|-----|-------|-------|-----|-------|
| | Q1 | Q2 | Q3 | Q4 | Total | Q1 | Q2 | Q3 | Q4 | Total | Q1 | Q2 | Q3 | Q4 | Total |
| Sales of urethane raw materials | 337 | 428 | 510 | 638 | 1,916 | 414 | 507 | 510 | 794 | 2,226 | 503 | 544 | 625 | 726 | 2,398 |
| Gross profit | 63 | 82 | 89 | 107 | 342 | 74 | 89 | 89 | 118 | 372 | 84 | 92 | 108 | 127 | 412 |
| Other product sales | 770 | 1,015 | 817 | 1,266 | 3,869 | 807 | 866 | 1,137 | 1,303 | 4,115 | 907 | 1,098 | 1,183 | 955 | 4,145 |
| Gross profit | 177 | 279 | 175 | 336 | 968 | 181 | 162 | 312 | 328 | 984 | 229 | 292 | 311 | 226 | 1,060 |



We will continue aiming to achieve sustainable growth as a TSE Primelisted company.



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Corporate Profile

Management philosophy

Contributing to society by creating a housing environment that is friendly to people and the Earth

Visions

We exist to reduce total energy demand through innovation in insulation technology, prevent global warming, and at the same time, help people lead healthy and comfortable lives.

Business description

Development, manufacturing, sale, and installation of hard urethane foam for use as building insulation

Development, manufacture, and sale of residential energy conservation-related materials



| Company name | Nippon Aqua Co., Ltd. | |
|--------------------------------------|--------------------------------|--------------------|
| Head office | 2-16-2 Konan, Minato-ku, Tokyo | |
| | Taiyo Seimei Shinagawa Buildin | g 20th floor |
| Established | November 29, 2004 | |
| President & Repre | sentative Director | Fumitaka Nakamura |
| Senior Managing [| Director | Yuka Murakami |
| Director | | Kazuhisa Nagata |
| Director | | Koji Fujii |
| Director | | Keiji Usami |
| Outside Director | | Yoshiaki Takahashi |
| Outside Director | | Takeshi Kenmochi |
| Outside Director Full-time Audit and | d Supervisory Committee Member | Junichi Tamagami |
| Outside Director | sory Committee Member | Yuki Matsuda |
| Outside Director | sory Committee Member | Naofumi Higuchi |
| Outside Director | sory Committee Member | Hidetaka Nishina |
| Capital | 1,903 Million yen | |
| No. of employees | 612 people (Non-consolidated) | |
| | | As of December 3 |





Product Portfolio

Expanding around the core of two-component polyurethane

Polyol

- ✓ An organic compound with a hydroxyl group as the main ingredient.
- √By changing the molecular structure and molecular weight of polyols, the physical properties such as hardness and flexibility of urethane can be adjusted.

Isocyanate

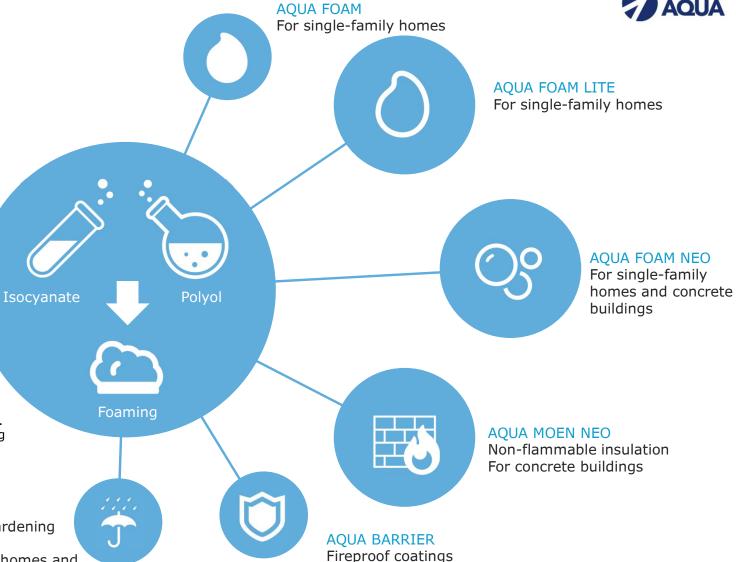
- ✓ An organic compound containing an NCO group.
- ✓ Forms a urethane bond by reacting with polyols through stirring and other means.

Polyamine

- ✓ An organic compound with multiple amino groups.
- ✓ Forms AQUA HAJIKUN (polyurea resin) by reacting with isocyanate.

AQUA HAJIKUN

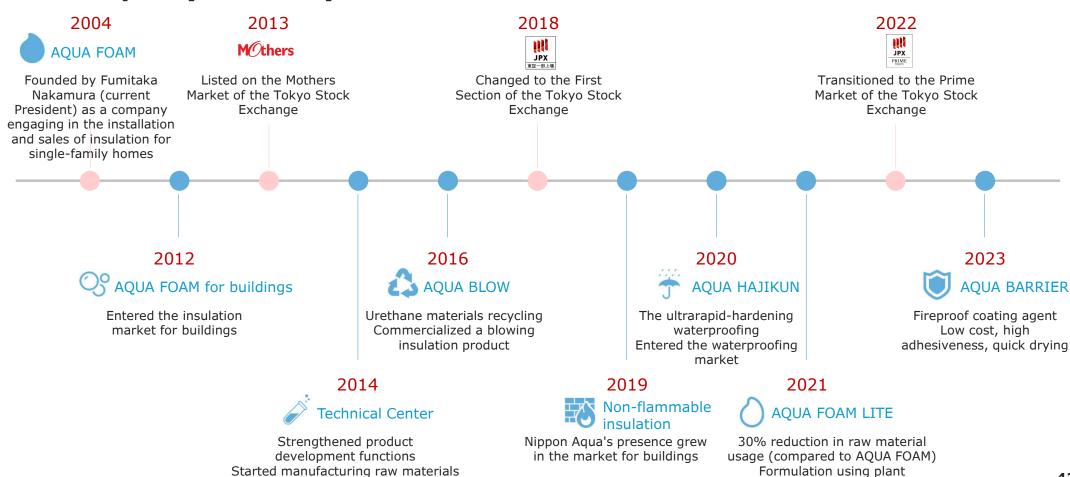
The ultrarapid-hardening waterproofing For single-family homes and concrete buildings



For concrete buildings



Company History



derived materials





Construction quality management

Ensuring work safety and construction quality

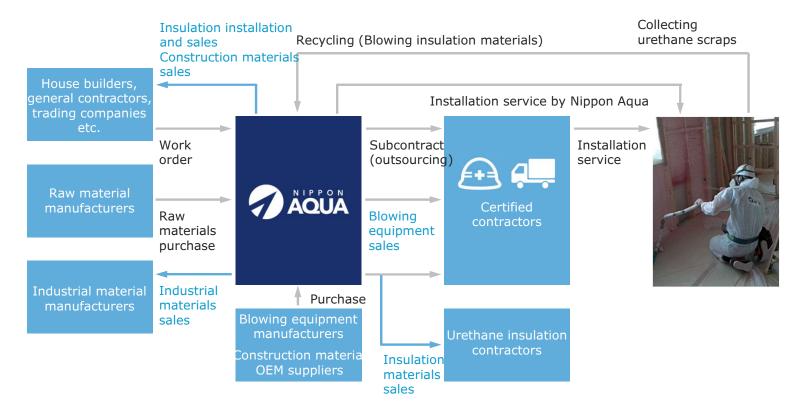
Nationwide construction network

In-house construction + certified contractors



Business Scheme

We undertake insulation work projects as the sole contractor and either do them ourselves or subcontract them out to certified contractors





What is Certified Contractors?

Outsourcing contract Full commission-based

Purchase blowing equipment (installation tool) (a 2-ton truck needed)



No sales activities needed

Contractors can take on projects appropriate for their respective capacities



No royalty

No franchise fee or deposit money



Raw materials are supplied at cost

Supplying raw materials and deducting the cost from payment for the installation work reduces financial burden



Technical training

Broad range of support from basics to practical skills



Performance Trends (Million yen)





| | | | | | | | 東証一部上場 | | | | PRIME | | | |
|---------------------------|---------|-------|--------|--------|--------|--------|--------|--------|--------|--------|--------|--------|--------|--|
| | 2012 | 2013 | 2014 | 2015 | 2016 | 2017 | 2018 | 2019 | 2020 | 2021 | 2022 | 2023 | 2024 | |
| Performance trends | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Net sales | 6,488 | 9,825 | 13,020 | 14,406 | 15,608 | 18,052 | 19,417 | 21,366 | 21,872 | 23,903 | 25,670 | 28,341 | 30,265 | |
| Gross profit | 1,904 | 2,444 | 2,856 | 3,137 | 4,027 | 4,305 | 3,891 | 5,403 | 5,310 | 4,739 | 5,784 | 6,924 | 6,862 | |
| Gross profit margin | 29.3% | 24.9% | 21.9% | 22.3% | 25.8% | 23.9% | 20.0% | 25.3% | 24.3% | 19.8% | 22.5% | 24.4% | 22.7% | |
| Operating profit | 662 | 956 | 944 | 1,013 | 1,404 | 1,313 | 766 | 1,909 | 1,896 | 1,412 | 2,329 | 2,875 | 2,575 | |
| Ordinary profit | 662 | 925 | 937 | 1,016 | 1,404 | 1,419 | 764 | 1,909 | 1,911 | 1,429 | 2,359 | 2,917 | 2,604 | |
| Ordinary profit margin | 10.2% | 9.4% | 7.2% | 7.2% | 9.0% | 7.9% | 3.9% | 8.9% | 8.7% | 6.0% | 9.2% | 10.3% | 8.6% | |
| Profit | 364 | 512 | 529 | 137 | 979 | 941 | 489 | 1,275 | 1,342 | 953 | 1,549 | 2,004 | 1,839 | |
| | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Sales by item | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Single-family homes | 5,830 | 8,044 | 8,483 | 9,414 | 10,903 | 11,552 | 12,257 | 13,244 | 12,448 | 13,521 | 13,873 | 13,798 | 13,704 | |
| Buildings | 440 | 883 | 2,392 | 2,858 | 2,601 | 2,715 | 3,331 | 4,144 | 4,848 | 5,371 | 6,838 | 8,267 | 9,499 | |
| Waterproofing | | | | | | | | | | 128 | 315 | 489 | 719 | |
| Sales of urethane raw mat | terials | | | | | 613 | 561 | 933 | 1,137 | 1,098 | 1,211 | 1,916 | 2,226 | |
| Product sales | 218 | 897 | 2,144 | 2,133 | 2,103 | 3,171 | 3,267 | 3,043 | 3,438 | 3,783 | 3,430 | 3,869 | 4,115 | |
| | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Gross profit by item | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Single-family homes | | | | 2,305 | 3,038 | 2,790 | 2,217 | 3,544 | 3,183 | 2,772 | 3,542 | 3,685 | 3,196 | |
| Buildings | | | | 183 | 419 | 526 | 551 | 832 | 1,004 | 822 | 1,206 | 1,963 | 2,329 | |
| Waterproofing | | | | | | | | | | 20 | (16) | (35) | (22) | |
| Sales of urethane raw mat | terials | | | | | 140 | 113 | 198 | 212 | 177 | 361 | 342 | 372 | |
| Product sales | | | | 648 | 569 | 848 | 1,009 | 830 | 909 | 946 | 690 | 968 | 984 | |



Other Key Indicators

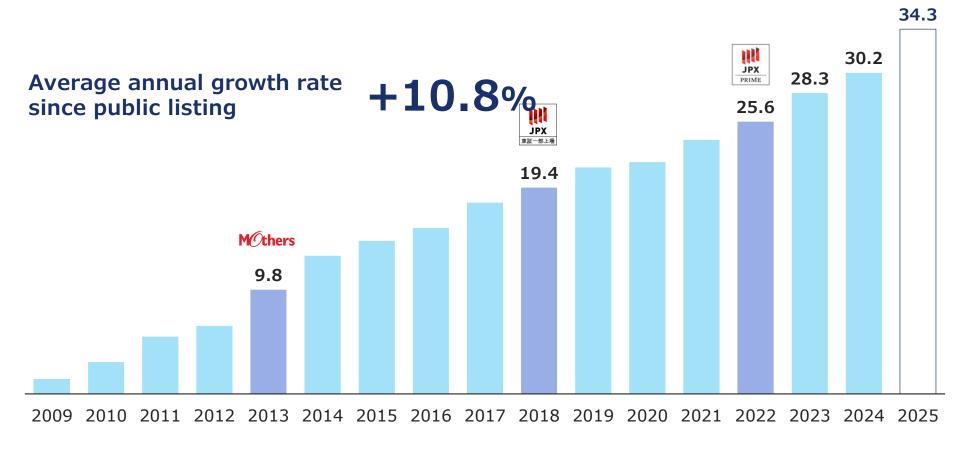




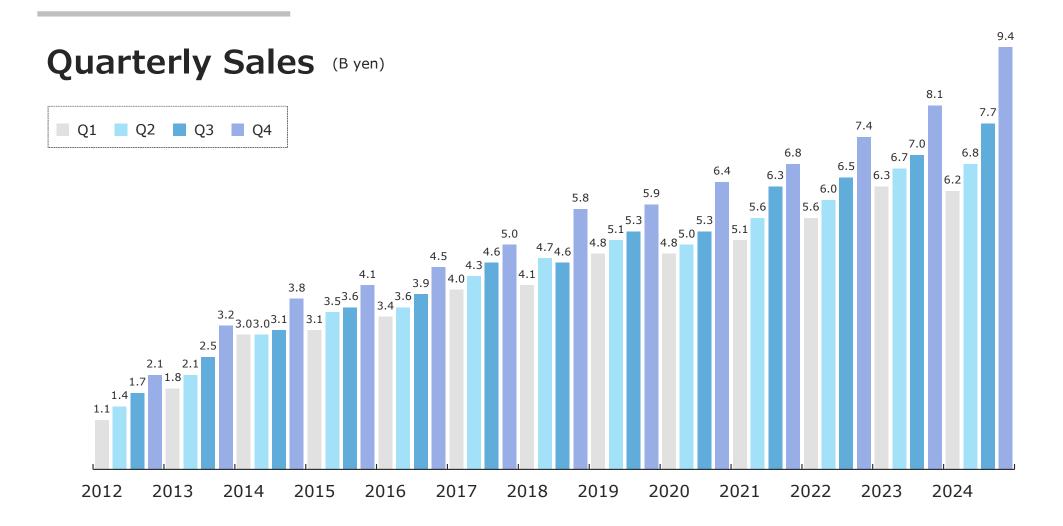
| | 2012 | 2013 | 2014 | 2015 | 2016 | 2017 | 2018 | 2019 | 2020 | 2021 | 2022 | 2023 | 2024 |
|---------------------------------|-------------|------------|-----------|--------|--------|--------|--------|--------|--------|--------|--------|--------|--------|
| Assets, liabilities, and equity | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Net assets | 1,080 | 5,103 | 5,529 | 5,590 | 6,663 | 5,508 | 5,885 | 6,843 | 7,638 | 7,951 | 7,966 | 9,304 | 10,545 |
| Return on equity | 40.6% | 16.6% | 10.0% | 2.5% | 16.0% | 15.5% | 8.6% | 20.0% | 18.5% | 12.2% | 19.5% | 23.2% | 18.5% |
| Total assets | 2,787 | 7,982 | 9,138 | 11,254 | 12,596 | 12,806 | 14,381 | 15,379 | 16,021 | 18,279 | 21,969 | 20,392 | 24,071 |
| Total assets turnover | 2.71 | 1.82 | 1.52 | 1.38 | 1.31 | 1.42 | 1.43 | 1.44 | 1.39 | 1.39 | 1.28 | 1.34 | 1.36 |
| Equity ratio | 38.8% | 63.9% | 60.5% | 49.7% | 52.9% | 43.0% | 40.9% | 44.5% | 47.7% | 43.5% | 36.3% | 45.6% | 43.8% |
| Interest-bearing debt | | | | 1,433 | 834 | 2,370 | 2,776 | 2,136 | 2,400 | 3,166 | 6,033 | 2,400 | 4,500 |
| | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| No. of employees | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Sales | | 160 | 184 | 182 | 206 | 233 | 208 | 218 | 218 | 189 | 209 | 215 | 226 |
| Construction | | 234 | 246 | 206 | 185 | 132 | 180 | 188 | 196 | 168 | 156 | 220 | 313 |
| Management | | 21 | 20 | 35 | 27 | 62 | 57 | 69 | 73 | 81 | 58 | 66 | 73 |
| Total | 298 | 415 | 450 | 423 | 418 | 427 | 445 | 475 | 487 | 438 | 423 | 501 | 612 |
| | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Stock-related (after reflectin | g 1:5 stock | split on J | anuary 1, | 2015) | | | | | | | | | |
| Stock price at the end of th | ne period (| 663 | 845 | 438 | 414 | 498 | 437 | 627 | 649 | 687 | 828 | 887 | 772 |
| Market value | | 22,892 | 29,176 | 15,209 | 14,960 | 18,038 | 15,180 | 21,792 | 22,559 | 23,880 | 28,781 | 30,832 | 26,834 |
| Net assets per share (yen) | | 147.81 | 160.15 | 161.01 | 184.40 | 171.31 | 182.36 | 211.88 | 236.46 | 246.09 | 254.41 | 296.24 | 330.50 |
| Dividend per share (yen) | | 3.00 | 3.00 | 3.00 | 3.00 | 4.00 | 10.00 | 17.00 | 20.00 | 20.00 | 24.00 | 32.00 | 34.00 |
| Basic earnings per share (| yen) | 20.61 | 15.33 | 3.97 | 27.61 | 27.84 | 15.19 | 39.50 | 41.57 | 29.52 | 47.99 | 63.83 | 58.55 |
| Price earnings ratio | | 32.20 | 55.10 | 110.30 | 15.00 | 17.90 | 28.80 | 15.90 | 15.60 | 23.30 | 17.30 | 13.90 | 13.19 |



Sales Trend (B yen)

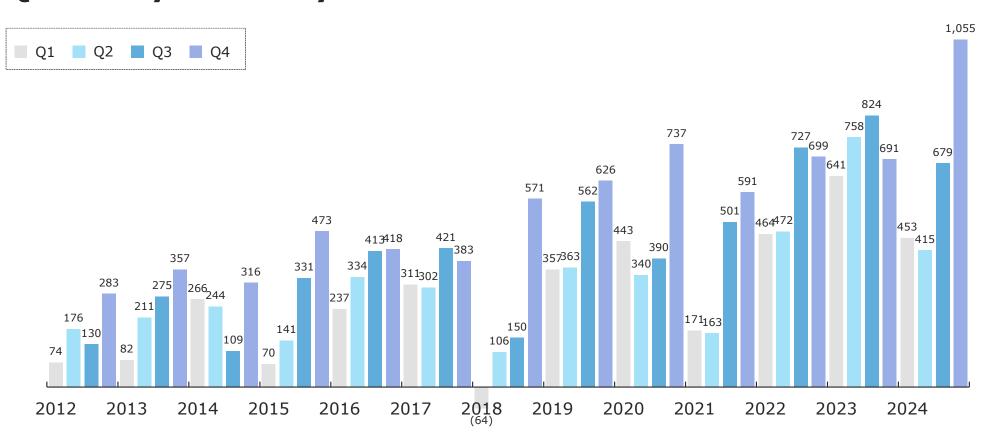








Quarterly Ordinary Profit (M yen)







Home and Building Construction Aimed at Realizing a Carbon Free Society

Japan's targets for decarbonization

Reduce greenhouse gases by 46% by FY2030 (vs. FY2013) (equivalent to 62.4 million kl of crude oil)

5.5% reduction for the housing sector (equivalent to 3.44 million kl of crude oil). Suggested measures: Improve energy conservation performance of new homes and renovate existing homes for higher insulation performance

8.7% reduction for the buildings sector (equivalent to 5.46 million kl of crude oil). Suggested measures: Improve energy conservation performance of new buildings and renovate existing buildings for higher energy conservation performance



FY2030 Greenhouse gas reduction target

46% reduction (vs. FY2013)

62.4 million kl (crude oil equivalent)



Homes 5.5% 3.44 million kl



Buildings 8.7% 5.46 million kl





Market Environment

The Vision for Housing and Buildings in 2030



Ensure energy-saving performance at ZEH and ZEB levels.



Newly constructed single-family homes

60% are equipped with solar power generation systems.



Raise the mandatory standards to the ZEH level

Insulation performance class 5* (UA value for region 6 = 0.60) BEI=0.8*

*Please refer to insulation performance class P21, BEI is P20.



Raise the mandatory standards to the ZEB level.

For medium to large scale, BEI=0.6/0.7 depending on the use. For small scale, BEI=0.5



Support through loans and tax measures.



Implementation of energy-saving performance labeling.





Improvement in the performance of equipment and building materials.

Source: Created by Nippon Aqua based on the Ministry of Land, Infrastructure, Transport and Tourism's "Study Group on Energy Saving Measures for Housing and Buildings Towards a Decarbonized Society".





What is ZEH (Net Zero Energy House)?

One of the concrete measures to improve energy conservation performance in the housing sector is to spread ZEH (Net Zero Energy House).

ZEH is a house that reduces the annual consumption of primary energy at home to virtually zero through the combination of insulation, energy conservation, and energy creation.

A similar initiative called ZEB (Net Zero Energy Building) is being undertaken for buildings.



Primary energy consumption







Energy Efficiency Labeling System

To achieve zero-energy buildings and houses, it is essential to enable everyone to choose buildings based on energy efficiency performance.

From April 2024, it will be a due diligence obligation for businesses selling or leasing buildings and houses to display an energy efficiency label.



For single-family homes and Condominiums

Defines energy consumption performance and insulation performance.



For non-residential

Defines energy consumption performance.





To Achieve Energy-Saving Housing*

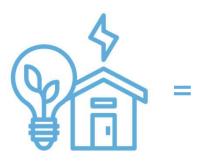
*Housing that is comfortable to live in even with low energy consumption

High insulation (insulation performance)

Use high insulation materials to prevent heat intrusion from the outside. This improves the energy efficiency of heating and cooling, stabilizing the temperature inside the living space.

High airtightness (airtightness performance)

By increasing the airtightness of the building, the inflow and escape of air from the outside are minimized. This maximizes insulation performance and reduces energy waste.



Energy-Saving Housing





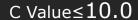




Spread of Regulations Related to Airtightness Performance

C value = $\frac{\text{Total gap area of the house (cm2)}}{\text{Total floor area (m2)}}$

The lower the C value, the higher the airtightness.



The image of a typical house without consideration for airtightness.

C Value ≤ 5.0

The value that was the standard in regions other than cold regions (current regions 1 and 2) under the next-generation energy-saving standards (1999).

This standard was abolished with the revision of the Energy Saving Law in 2009.

C Value ≤ 2.0

The value that was the standard in cold regions (current regions 1 and 2) under the next-generation energy-saving standards (1999).

This standard was abolished with the revision of the Energy Saving Law in 2009.

C Value ≤ 1.0

AQUA FOAM Series

Self-adhesive + machine spraying = no gaps

The level to secure for comfortable living.
Often defined in local government energy-saving housing policies.

Yamagata Shinshu (Nagano) Yukiguni ZEH (Niigata) Tottori KitaQ ZEH (Fukuoka)

C Value ≤ 0.5

A level of airtightness that is comparable to strict standards adopted in other countries.

Sapporo (Hokkaido)

Source: Created by Nippon Aqua from publicly available materials from each local government



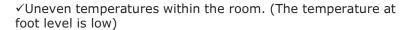


Differences in Airtight Performance Directly Linked to Comfort

- ✓Adding insulation to the ceiling
- ✓Installation of internal windows
- ✓Insulation and airtight sealing on the floor (application of urethane foam)

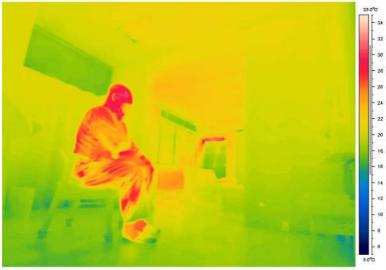






✓ Due to insufficient airtight treatment, cold outside air enters.

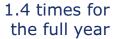


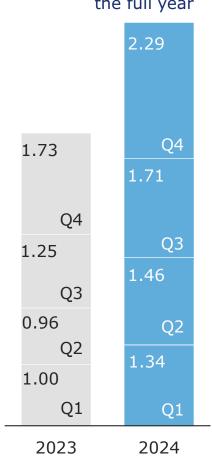


After insulation and airtight sealing renovation

- ✓Small temperature differences inside the room.
- $\checkmark\mbox{Due}$ to meticulous airtight treatment, there is little heat loss.







The highest construction price is about 1.5 to 2 times that of Insulation Class 5.

Combining AQUA FOAM NEO with AQUA FOAM LITE, etc., makes competitive (cost-effective) specifications possible.



Combination example:

| Roof | AQUA FOAM LITE |
|-------|----------------|
| Wall | AQUA FOAM NEO |
| Floor | Phenolic foam |

Spread of Insulation Class 6

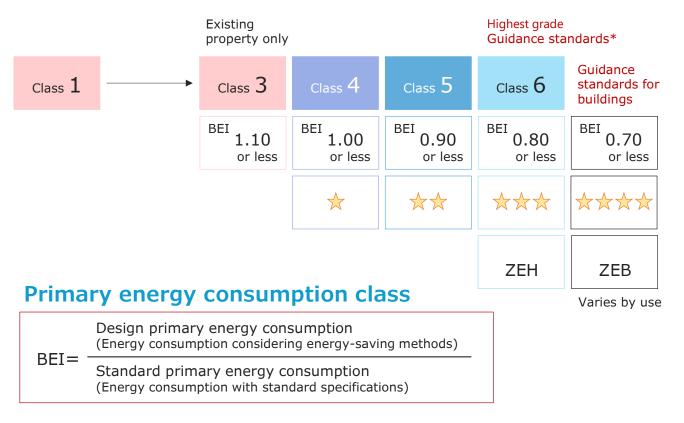
Nippon Aqua's Initiatives

Magnification when Q1 of 2023 is 1.





What is Energy Consumption Performance?



^{*} What are guidance standards? Standards intended to guide the promotion of improved energy efficiency performance, which must be met for the certification of energy efficiency improvement plans. Established under the Building Energy Saving Law. Enforced from April 1, 2016.

Source: Ministry of Land, Infrastructure, Transport and Tourism * Home performance indication system based on the Housing Quality Assurance Act





What is Insulation Performance?

| | | | | standards | | Highest grade |
|---------------------------|---------------|---------------|---------------|---------------|---------------|---------------|
| Class 1 | Class 2 | Class 3 | Class 4 | Class 5 | Class 6 | Class 7 |
| Region 6 such as Tokyo | UA value 1.67 | UA value 1.54 | UA value 0.87 | UA value 0.60 | UA value 0.46 | UA value 0.26 |
| Region 6 such as Tokyo | 0 | ηAC value 3.8 | ηAC value 2.8 | ηΑC value 2.8 | ηAC value 2.8 | ηΑC value 2.8 |
| | | | | ZEH | HEAT20 G2 | HEAT20 G3 |

Insulation performance class

UA value = Average thermal transmittance of the envelope (Ease of heat escape from buildings)

 $\eta AC \ value = \ Average \ solar \ heat \ gain \ coefficient \ during \ the \ cooling \ period \ (Ease \ of \ solar \ heat \ gain \ into \ buildings)$

Guidance





(UA value)

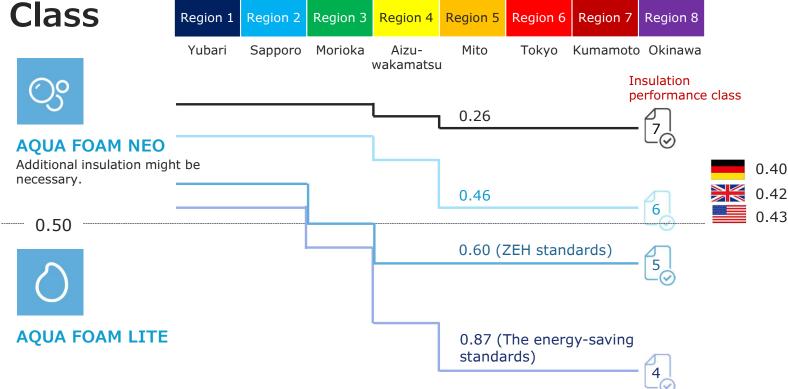
Regional Categorization and Insulation Class

Envelope Performance Level

Impacts that single-family homes with higher insulation classes and the spread of ZEH will have on the Company's performance

Standards of insulation classes are not unified nationwide but are categorized by region according to climate, etc. (See representative cities for each region on the right) Many metropolitan cities, including Tokyo, Nagoya, Osaka, Yokohama, and Kobe, are classified into Region 6.

UA value (average coefficient of heat transmission for outside walls) for insulation Class 5 differs from one region to another; the smaller the value is, the higher insulation performance is required







Redevelopment in the Metropolitan Area Semiconductor Factories in Regional Areas



- √The ratio of city names is the increase rate of the standard land price for fiscal 2024
- ✓ Large-scale equipment investment related to semiconductors after 2024 (It does not promise our orders)



- ✓Urban redevelopment is accelerating nationwide
- √The three major metropolitan areas and four cities in the regions are particularly noticeable



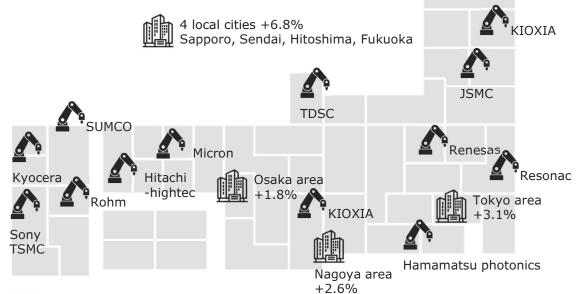
- ✓Investment in cutting-edge fields as a national policy
- ✓ Domestic return of manufacturing facilities



✓ Development of infrastructure, commercial facilities, housing, etc. in the surrounding areas in line with the construction of semiconductor factories is also progressing



✓ Large data centers (about 20 locations expected to open) are also promising targets







Difference in Specification between Insulation Classes

Region 6 such as Tokyo



Class 4

The energy-saving standards



AOUA FOAM LITE



Metal Double glazing Low-E



Thermal insulated entrance door

When the insulation class is upgraded, not only the insulation material but also the thermal insulation performance of doors and sashes needs to be enhanced, resulting in construction costs higher than the energysaving standard (Class 4).



Class 5

ZEH standards



AOUA FOAM LITE



AQUA FOAM



Metal/Resin Double glazing Low-E



Thermal insulated entrance door

According to our company's estimates, for a standard detached house in region 6 such as Tokyo, reaching the ZEH level (Class 5) increases the thickness of the insulation material, making the construction unit price 1.2 to 1.5 times higher than the energysaving standard (Class 4).



Class 6

TOKYO ZERO EMISSION HOUSES



AOUA FOAM*



OP AQUA FOAM NEO



Metal/Resin Triple glazing Low-E (2 panels)



Thermal insulated entrance door

For Tokyo Zero Emission Houses, etc. (Class 6), either AQUA FOAM or the superior product AQUA FOAM NEO is used, and the construction unit price is 1.7 to 3.0 times higher than the energysaving standard (Class 4).

^{*}From April 2024, due to the improved thermal conductivity of AOUA FOAM, enhancing its insulation performance, specifications 64 for Class 6 have become possible, albeit with conditions.

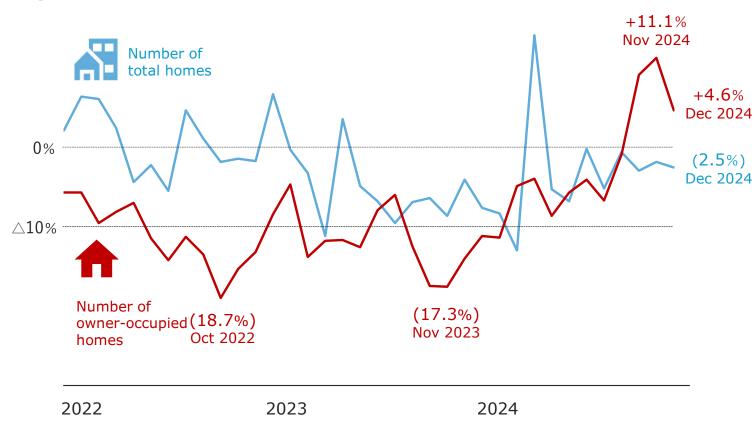


Number of housing starts

(year-on-year)

Our Single-family Homes Division has a high level of affinity with owner-occupied homes, as there are many custom-built houses being constructed

In addition, the Buildings Division also performs construction on new condominiums





Inquiries

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Disclaimer and Notes Regarding Forward-Looking Statements

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This document contains forward-looking statements, including our plans. These forward-looking statements are based on information available at the time of preparation and involve various risks and uncertainties. Therefore, please note that actual results may differ significantly due to various factors. We assume no obligation to update, alter or revise any forward-looking statements in light of new information, future events or other findings.

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