Business Results for the Nine Months Ended September 30, 2024

November 8, 2024

Nippon Aqua Co., Ltd.

Tokyo Stock Exchange Prime Section #1429





Financial Highlights

✓Initial expectations were for expansion starting from Q3, but while the Waterproofing Division performed well, delays in the Single-family Homes Division and Buildings Division through Q2 continued, resulting in performance below expectations.

√The concentration of performance into Q4 is expected to be greater than previously anticipated, but challenges remain for achieving full-year forecasts.

Net sales	20,817 M yen OYA 20,165 M yen	YoY PC Forecast	+652 M yen +3.2 % 21,780 M yen
Gross profit		YoY PC Forecast	(185 M yen) (3.8 %) 5,061 M yen
Ordinary pr	ofit 1,548 M yen OYA 2,225 M yen	YoY PC Forecast	(677 M yen) (30.4 %) 1,971 M yen



Single-family Homes Division

9,683 M yen

OYA 10,017 M yen Forecast 10,100 M yen

YoY (3.3%) Quantity effect (4.3%)

Price effect +0.9%

- √Housing starts continue to show weakness
- ✓Orders from builders with a wide area network are expanding
- ✓Orders from local contractors are struggling
- ✓ Construction is concentrated from the latter half of Q3 to Q4 more than usual



Buildings Division

6,454 M yen

OYA 5,917 M yen Forecast 7,188 M yen

YoY +9.1% Quantity effect +6.8% Price effect +2.3%

- ✓ Positive market conditions continue
- ✓ Wastage due to waiting for other companies' circumstances occurs until Q3
- ✓Revenue from large construction projects is concentrated in Q4
- √ Failure to secure spot construction jobs due to idle resources



Waterproofing Division, Others

AQUÀ

4,679 M yen

OYA Forecast 4,229 M yen 4,491 M yen

YoY +10.6%

Waterproofing +24.6%

Raw materials +12.1%

Others +8.0%

- ✓ Growth in auxiliary supplies through bundled sales in the Single-family Homes Division
- ✓ Expansion in blowing equipment sales due to an enhanced construction system

Revision of Financial Forecasts

✓ Considering the performance up to Q3, the full-year financial forecasts for the fiscal year ending December 2024 have been revised downward.

√The Waterproofing Division and other sales (such as auxiliary) supplies and spray machinery) exceeded expectations but were not enough to compensate for the delays in the Singlefamily Homes Division and Buildings Division up to Q3.

Net sales (30,000 M yen 28,341 M yen	Initial Amount PC	31,005 M yen (1,005 M yen) (3.2 %)
Gross profit OYA	6,980 M yen 6,924 M yen	Initial Amount PC	7,408 M yen (428 M yen) (5.8 %)
Ordinary profit OYA	2,600 M yen 2,917 M yen	Initial Amount PC	3,100 M yen (500 M yen) (16.1 %)



Single-family Homes Division

13,450 M yen

14,408 M yen Initial (958 M yen) Amount

YoY (6.7%) Quantity effect (5.9%)(0.8%)Price effect

✓ Overall, while major builders maintained their market share, regionally focused companies saw a decline, and our construction numbers stagnated.

√The pace of expansion in condominium renovations was slower than our expectations.



Buildings Division

9,890 M yen

10,394 M yen Initial (504 M yen) Amount

YoY (4.8%) Quantity effect (13.1%) Price effect +8.2%

✓ Unable to cover the construction delays up to Q3.

✓ Delays prevented the finalization of schedules, hindering the acquisition of spot construction projects.



Waterproofing +119 M yen Raw materials +0 M yen Others +338 M yen

√The Waterproofing Division exceeded initial forecasts due to growth in non-residential projects.

✓ Sales of urethane raw materials are expected to land on plan.

✓ Auxiliary supplies, machinery, and others saw 3 growth due to campaign effects.

Fiscal Year Ending December 2024

Dividend per share

34.0 yen

Previous period 32.0 yen

Payout ratio

60.8 %

YoY +10.7 pt

Dividend Forecast Unchanged

✓ Underperformance is a temporary result of the external environment

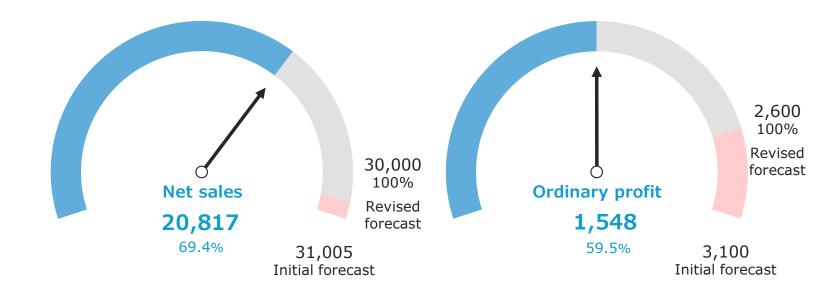
✓ Medium- and Long-term Management Strategies align with the market environment

√Given the above, despite exceeding the dividend payout ratio target of 50%, the decision was made to keep it "unchanged" in light of the dividend forecast amount in the Medium-Term Management Plan.



Progress on Revised Forecast

(M yen)





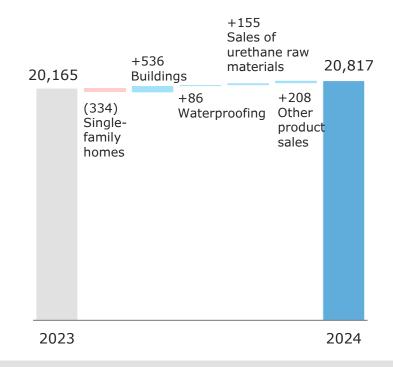
Agenda





Nine months ended September 30, 2024

Net Sales



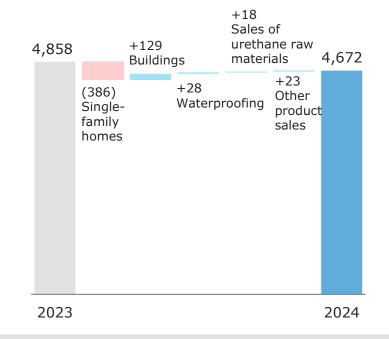


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	FY	2023 Q1	Q2	Q3	Q4	Total	FY2024 Q1	Q2	Q3	Q4	Total
	Net sales	6,368	6,789	7,006	8,176	28,341	6,272	6,840	7,705	9,182	30,000
	Single-family homes	3,221	3,287	3,509	3,780	13,798	2,985	3,276	3,421	3,766	13,450
n	Buildings	1,912	1,936	2,068	2,350	8,267	1,929	2,064	2,460	3,435	9,890
	Waterproofing	126	122	100	139	489	136	124	174	379	815
	Sales of urethane raw materials	337	428	510	638	1,916	414	507	510	803	2,235
	Other product sales	770	1,015	817	1,266	3,869	807	866	1,137	798	3,610



Nine months ended September 30, 2024

Gross Profit



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\$ 1/2	FY	2023 Q1	Q2	Q3	Q4	Total	FY2024 Q1	Q2	Q3	Q4	Total
	Gross profit	1,457	1,666	1,734	2,066	6,924	1,447	1,459	1,765	2,307	6,980
Gross prof	it Single-family homes	876	866	929	1,012	3,685	730	777	778	873	3,160
by division	Buildings	361	450	540	610	1,963	454	443	583	842	2,324
	Waterproofing	(21)	(12)	(1)	0	(35)	2	(10)	0	59	52
	Sales of urethane raw materials	63	82	89	107	342	74	89	89	144	398
	Other product sales	177	279	175	336	968	181	162	312	387	1,043

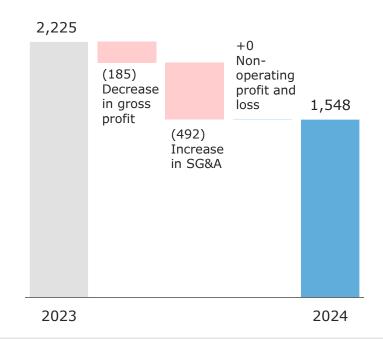


Ordinary Profit

Ordinary PM 11.0 % ► 7.4 %

✓Increase in payroll costs: due to an increase in staff and salary levels.

✓ From the fiscal year 2024, a portion of the certified contractors' incentive payments will be allocated, resulting in Q4 selling, general and administrative expenses expected to be below the previous year.



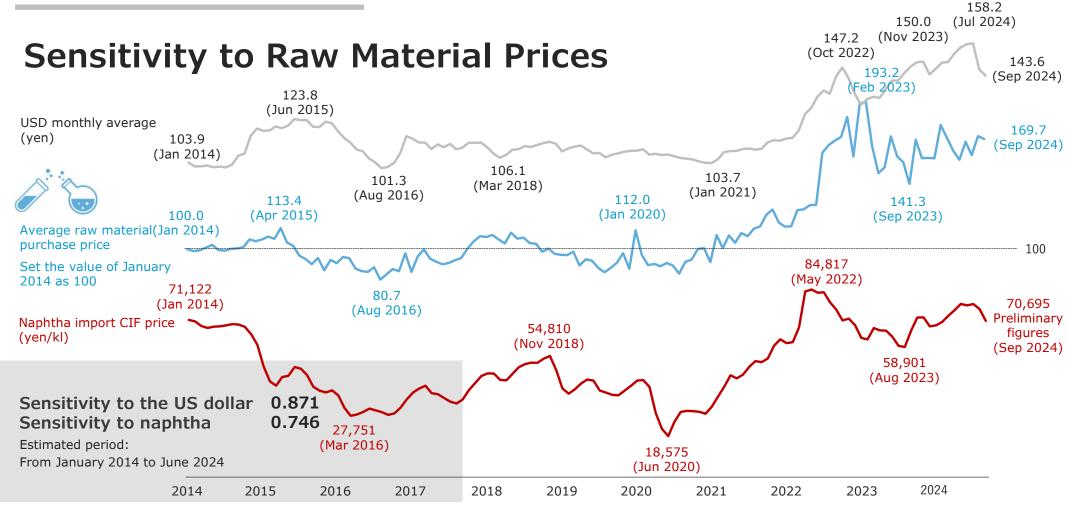


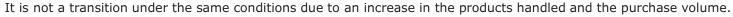
SG&A

	FY2023 Q1	Q2	Q3	Q4	Total	FY2024 Q1	Q2	Q3	Q4	Total
Gross profit	1,457	1,666	1,734	2,066	6,924	1,447	1,459	1,765	2,307	6,980
SG&A	829	913	915	1,383	4,042	1,002	1,055	1,093	1,228	4,380
Payroll cost	432	480	477	738	2,128	557	577	576	984	2,695
Special incentives*				150	150	2	9	11	15	38
Trainee related expenses	56	62	60	89	267	72	93	113	83	362
Travel expenses	53	66	64	66	250	53	58	65	62	240
Rent expenses	45	46	48	50	190	49	55	55	56	217
Depreciation expenses	39	41	41	42	164	41	43	43	46	176
Ordinary Profit	641	758	824	691	2,917	453	415	679	1,051	2,600



Note: Due to a change in the method of calculating payroll cost from the second quarter of 2024, adjustments have been made retroactively.







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Construction Capability Trends

Regarding the Strengthening of Construction Capability (Increase in Internal Installation Work Personnel)

- ✓ Compared to competitors, we aim to establish an overwhelmingly superior system in both quality and mass.
- ✓ Since 2023, we have been working on increasing by 100 people per year, including certified contractor employees.
- √The development of business for both 2023 and 2024 is generally proceeding according to plan.
- ✓ Expansion at a similar pace is expected to continue after 2025.



High compensation and favorable conditions



Complete weekends off



Listed on the TSE Prime Market



Department responsible for training



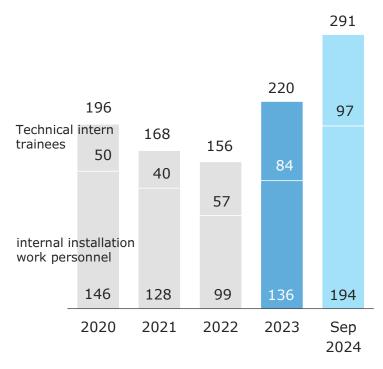
Proximity of workplace and residence



A predominantly young workforce

Number of internal installation work personnel (Nippon Aqua)

Technical Intern Trainees are entitled to a temporary return to their home country under the Technical Intern Training Act.





Income Statement (M yen,%)

	FY 2023	FY 2024	Yo	ρΥ	V	s 9M Forecast		FY2024 F	orecast
	Jan-Sep	Jan-Sep	Amount	Change(%)	Forecast	Amount	Change(%)	Initial	Revised
Net sales	20,165	20,817	+652	+3.2	21,780	(963)	(4.4)	31,005	30,000
Single-family homes	10,017	9,683	(334)	(3.3)	10,100	(417)	(4.1)	14,408	13,450
Buildings	5,917	6,454	+536	+9.1	7,188	(734)	(10.2)	10,394	9,890
Waterproofing	349	435	+86	+24.6	457	(21)	(4.8)	695	815
Sales of urethane raw materials	1,277	1,432	+155	+12.1	1,664	(231)	(13.9)	2,235	2,235
Other product sales	2,603	2,811	+208	+8.0	2,369	+442	+18.7	3,271	3,610
Cost of sales	15,306	16,145	+838	+5.5	16,719	(574)	(3.4)	23,596	23,020
Gross profit	4,858	4,672	(185)	(3.8)	5,061	(388)	(7.7)	7,408	6,980
Single-family homes	2,673	2,287	(386)	(14.4)	2,463	(176)	(7.1)	3,585	3,160
Buildings	1,352	1,481	+129	+9.6	1,838	(356)	(19.4)	2,774	2,324
Waterproofing	(35)	(6)	+28	_	21	(28)	_	38	52
Sales of urethane raw materials	235	254	+18	+7.9	284	(30)	(10.6)	398	398
Other product sales	632	656	+23	+3.7	453	+202	+44.7	611	1,043
SG&A expenses	2,658	3,151	+492	+18.5	3,090	+60	+2.0	4,308	4,380
Operating profit	2,199	1,521	(678)	(30.8)	1,971	(450)	(22.9)	3,100	2,600
Ordinary profit	2,225	1,548	(677)	(30.4)	1,971	(423)	(21.5)	3,100	2,600
Profit	1,509	1,043	(466)	(30.9)	1,330	(287)	(21.6)	2,092	1,755
Dividend per share (yen)								34.0	34.0



Balance Sheet (M yen)

A	As of Dec 31 2023	As of Sep 30 2024		As of Dec 31 2023	As of Sep 30 2024
Assets			Liabilities		
Current assets			Current liabilities		
Cash and deposits	2,033	2,018	Accounts payable - trade	6,453	6,132
Notes and accounts receivable - trade, and contract assets	6,397	6,639	Short-term borrowings	2,400	4,100
Electronically recorded monetary claims	1,098	960	Total current liabilities	10,927	11,028
Inventories	2,209	2,104	Non-current liabilities		
Accounts receivable - other	3,648	3,669	Total non-current liabilities	159	107
Total current assets	15,472	15,513	Total liabilities	11,087	11,135
Non-current assets			Net assets		
Total property, plant and equipment	4,367	4,339	Share capital	1,903	1,903
Total intangible assets	85	82	Capital surplus	1,912	1,912
Total investments and other assets	466	543	Retained earnings	7,523	7,562
Total non-current assets	4,919	4,965	Treasury shares	(2,035)	(2,035)
			Total net assets	9,304	9,343
Total assets	20,392	20,479	Total liabilities and net assets	20,392	20,479



Agenda

- Nine Months Ended September 30, 2024
- Revision to Non-consolidated Full-year Results Forecast, etc.
- **13** Single-family Homes Division
- **04** Buildings Division
- **05** Waterproofing Division, etc.
- Consider Revising the Medium-tern
 Management Plan
- **07** Appendix



Revision to Non-consolidated Full-year Results Forecast, etc.

Net sales

(M yen)

	FY 2023	FY 2	2024		
	Results	Initial forecast	Revised forecast	Amount	Change(%)
Net sales	28,341	31,005	30,000	(1,005)	(3.2)
Single-family homes	13,798	14,408	13,450	(958)	(6.7)
Quantity effect				(846)	
Price effect				(112)	
Buildings	8,267	10,394	9,890	(504)	(4.8)
Quantity effect				(1,357)	
Price effect				+853	
Waterproofing	489	695	815	+119	+17.1
Sales of urethane raw materials	1,916	2,235	2,235	+0	+0.0
Other product sales	3,869	3,271	3,610	+338	+10.3
Cost of sales	21,417	23,596	23,020	(576)	(2.4)
Gross profit	6,924	7,408	6,980	(428)	(5.8)

✓In the Single-family Homes Division, the number of constructions did not meet the plan, resulting in a decrease of 846 million yen due to the volume effect. As for the construction unit price, despite the standardization of Insulation Class 5, the price effect led to a decrease of 112 million yen due to pricing strategies, totaling a decrease of 958 million yen.

✓In the Buildings Division, the failure to achieve planned acquisitions such as spot construction resulted in a shortage of construction area, leading to a decrease of 1,357 million yen due to the volume effect. On the other hand, the construction unit price increased by 853 million yen due to the higher weight of premium product AQUA MOEN NEO construction, resulting in a total decrease of 504 million yen. 15



Revision to Non-consolidated Full-year Results Forecast, etc.

Gross Profit

(M yen)

	FY 2023	FY 2	2024		
	Results	Initial forecast	Revised forecast	Amount	Change(%)
Gross profit	6,924	7,408	6,980	(428)	(5.8)
GPM	24.4%	23.9%	23.3%		(0.6)
Single-family homes	3,685	3,585	3,160	(424)	(11.9)
GPM	26.7%	24.9%	23.5%		(1.4)
Buildings	1,963	2,774	2,324	(450)	(16.2)
GPM	23.7%	26.7%	23.5%		(3.2)
Waterproofing	(35)	38	52	+14	+36.0
GPM	(7.2%)	5.6%	6.5%		+0.9
Sales of urethane raw materials	342	2,235	2,235	+0	+0.0
GPM	17.9%	17.8%	17.8%		+0.0
Other product sales	3,869	3,271	3,610	+269	+70.7
GPM	25.0%	18.7%	28.9%		+10.2
SG&A expenses	4,042	4,308	4,380	+71	+1.7
Operating profit	2,881	3,100	2,600	(500)	(16.1)
Ordinary profit	2,917	3,100	2,600	(500)	(16.1)
Profit	2,004	2,092	1,755	(337)	(16.1)



Agenda

03 **Single-family Homes Division**





Single-family Homes Division Net sales 9,683 M yen

OYA	10,017	М		
YoY	(334	M)	(3.3	%)
GPM	26.7	%	23.6	%

9M_E	10,100	М		
vs plan	(417	M)	(4.1	%)
GPM	24.4	%	23.6	%

Remaining 3,766 M GPM 24.0 %	Revised	13,450	М
GPM 24.0 %	Remaining	3,766	Μ
	GPM	24.0	%

Quantity effect



Price effect



- ✓Quantity effect results in a loss of 428 million ven.
- ✓ Significant increase in orders from top priority builders.
- ✓Trend of increasing orders from builders with wide-area operations.
- ✓ Decrease in orders for community-based builders.
- ✓ New development slightly behind schedule.
- ✓ Price effect yields a plus of 94 million yen.
- ✓ Construction of Insulation Class 4 almost ceases (approximately 30% of all constructions in the previous year).
- ✓Implementing pricing strategies aimed at expanding market share.

- ✓Quantity effect results in a loss of 440 million yen.
- ✓ Decrease in orders for community-based builders.
- ✓ New development slightly behind schedule.
- √Construction activities are unusually concentrated in the 3rd quarter onwards.
- √Construction is concentrated more in the 3rd quarter onwards than in previous years.
- ✓ Price effect yields a plus of 23 million yen.
- ✓ Almost as expected.
- ✓ Expansion of air tightness measurement services.

- ✓ Recovery trend in the number of constructions due to concentration of construction activities.
- √The full-scale construction for the new major client anticipated in September has been postponed to December.
- ✓ Generally, major companies secure a certain share, while community-based builders lose share (context for our company's stagnating construction numbers).
- √ Continuation of share expansion measures assumes stable average prices.
- ✓ Minimal price effect from Class 6 (expected to expand significantly after 2025).

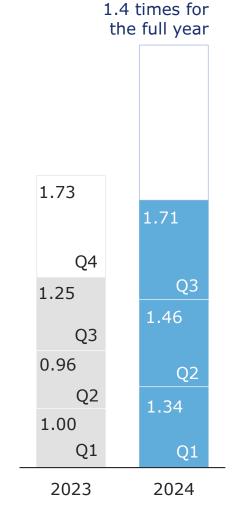
	FY2023 Q1	Q2	Q3	Q4	Total	FY2024 Q1	Q2	Q3	Q4	Total
Net sales	3,221	3,287	3,509	3,780	13,798	2,985	3,276	3,421	3,766	13,450
Gross profit	876	866	929	1,012	3,685	730	777	778	940	3,228
Num (YoY)	(13%)	(13%)	(8%)	(4%)	(9%)	(11%)	(1%)	(0%)	+6%	(1%)
Unit price (YoY)	+14%	+9%	+9%	+7%	+10%	+5%	+1%	(2%)	(6%)	(1%)





Spread of Insulation Class 6

Magnification when Q1 of 2023 is 1.



The highest construction price is about 1.5 to 2 times that of Insulation Class 5.

Combining AQUA FOAM NEO with AQUA FOAM LITE, etc., makes competitive (cost-effective) specifications possible.



Combination example:

Roof AQUA FOAM LITE
Wall AQUA FOAM NEO
Floor Phenolic foam



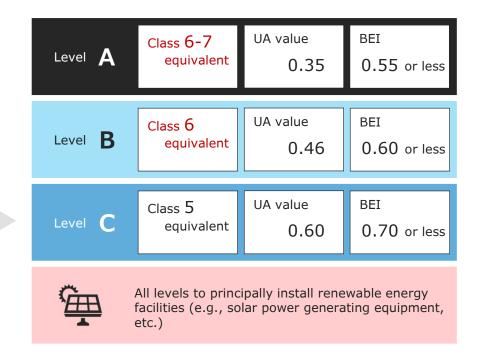


Tokyo Zero Emission Houses Criteria Modification

Effective from October 1, 2024

Due to criteria modification, insulation performance class 6 from top grade to mid-grade

Level 3	Class 6 equivalent	UA value 0.46	BEI 0.60 or less
Level 2	Class 5 equivalent	UA value 0.60	BEI 0.65 or less
Level 1	Class 4-5 equivalent	UA value 0.70	BEI 0.70 or less







To Achieve Energy-Saving Housing*

*Housing that is comfortable to live in even with low energy consumption

High insulation (insulation performance)

Use high insulation materials to prevent heat intrusion from the outside. This improves the energy efficiency of heating and cooling, stabilizing the temperature inside the living space.

High airtightness (airtightness performance)

By increasing the airtightness of the building, the inflow and escape of air from the outside are minimized. This maximizes insulation performance and reduces energy waste.













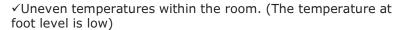
Differences in Airtight Performance Directly Linked to Comfort

- ✓Adding insulation to the ceiling
- ✓Installation of internal windows
- ✓Insulation and airtight sealing on the floor (application of urethane foam)









✓ Due to insufficient airtight treatment, cold outside air enters.



After insulation and airtight sealing renovation

- √Small temperature differences inside the room.
- \checkmark Due to meticulous airtight treatment, there is little heat loss.





Spread of Regulations Related to Airtightness Performance

C value = $\frac{\text{Total gap area of the house (cm2)}}{\text{Total floor area (m2)}}$

The lower the C value, the higher the airtightness.



The image of a typical house without consideration for airtightness.

C Value ≤ 5.0

The value that was the standard in regions other than cold regions (current regions 1 and 2) under the next-generation energy-saving standards (1999).

This standard was abolished with the revision of the Energy Saving Law in 2009.

C Value ≤ 2.0

The value that was the standard in cold regions (current regions 1 and 2) under the next-generation energy-saving standards (1999).

This standard was abolished with the revision of the Energy Saving Law in 2009.

C Value ≤ 1.0

AQUA FOAM Series

Self-adhesive + machine spraying = no gaps

The level to secure for comfortable living.
Often defined in local government energy-saving housing policies.

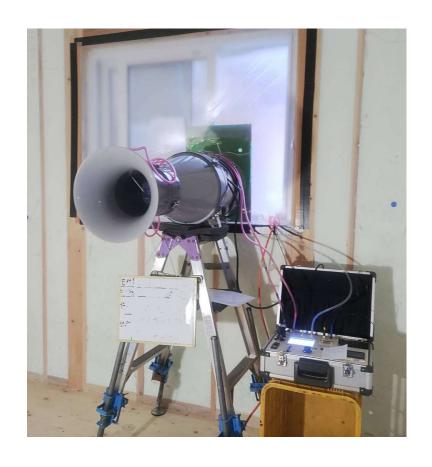
Yamagata Shinshu (Nagano) Yukiguni ZEH (Niigata) Tottori KitaQ ZEH (Fukuoka)

C Value ≤ 0.5

A level of airtightness that is comparable to strict standards adopted in other countries.

Sapporo (Hokkaido)







Accelerating Expansion of Air Tightness Measurement Services

The introduction rate for all constructions in the Single-family Homes Division (forecast).

- ✓ Major builders standardize airtightness measurements.
- ✓Interest in airtightness measurements spreads to other construction companies.
- \checkmark Nippon Aqua establishes the industry's No.1 airtightness measurement system.



Agenda



Buildings Division



Buildings Division Net sales 6,454 M yen

OYA	5,917	М		
YoY	+536	М	+9.1	%
GPM	22.9	%	23.0	%

9M_E	7,188 M	
vs plan	(734 M)	(10.2 %)
GPM	25.6 %	23.0 %

Revised 9,890 M 3,435 M Remaining GPM 24.5 %

Quantity effect



Price effect

✓Quantity effect resulted in an increase of 401 million yen.

✓Increase in large items such as manufacturing equipment

✓ Delays (waiting) occurred in our company due to circumstances of other companies

✓ Price effect resulted in an increase of 135 million yen.

✓ Partial contribution from price revision effects in the second half of 2023

✓ Quantity effect resulted in a decrease of 1,241 million yen.

✓ Delays (waiting) occurred in our company due to circumstances of other companies

✓ Delays in commencement led to delays in revenue recognition

✓ Delays prevented the finalization of schedules, hindering the acquisition of spot construction projects

✓ Price effect resulted in an increase of 507 million yen.

✓ Revenue recognition for large construction projects concentrated in Q4

✓ Failed to cover delays of up to 9 months

√The full-scale construction for the new major client anticipated in September has been postponed to December.

2025 Fiscal Year Outlook

✓ Continued strong demand especially in the three major metropolitan areas

√By the end of September, orders and confirmed orders for the fiscal year 2025 secured 1.8 times that of the same period last vear

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									Forecast	Forecast
	FY2023 Q1	Q2	Q3	Q4	Total	FY2024 Q1	Q2	Q3	Q4	Total
Net sales	1,912	1,936	2,068	2,350	8,267	1,929	2,064	2,460	3,435	9,890
Gross profit	361	450	540	610	1,963	454	443	583	941	2,423
Area (YoY)	(4%)	(9%)	(19%)	(14%)	(12%)	(8%)	+12%	+17%	+39%	+16%
Unit price (YoY)	+40%	+50%	+41%	+24%	+37%	+10%	(5%)	+1%	+5%	+3%





Redevelopment in the Metropolitan Area Semiconductor Factories in Regional Areas



- √The ratio of city names is the increase rate of the standard land price for fiscal 2023
- ✓Large-scale equipment investment related to semiconductors after 2024 (It does not promise our orders)



- ✓Urban redevelopment is accelerating nationwide
- √The three major metropolitan areas and four cities in the regions are particularly noticeable



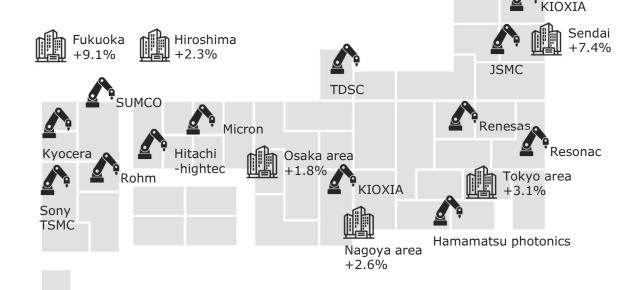
- ✓Investment in cutting-edge fields as a national policy
- ✓ Domestic return of manufacturing facilities



✓ Development of infrastructure, commercial facilities, housing, etc. in the surrounding areas in line with the construction of semiconductor factories is also progressing

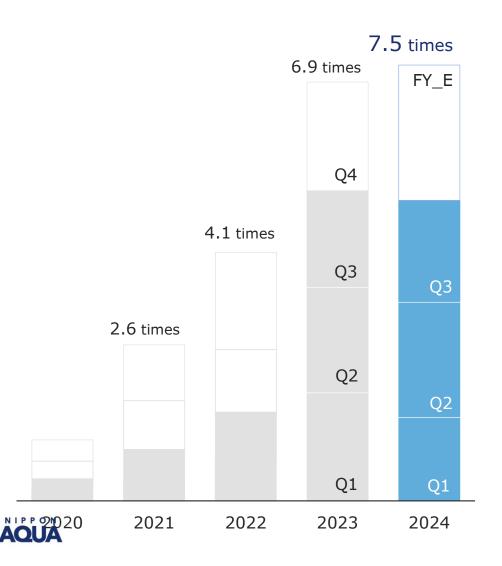


✓ Large data centers (about 20 locations expected to open) are also promising targets





Source: The standard land prices are from the Ministry of Land, Infrastructure, Transport and Tourism, and the semiconductor factories are based on the public materials of each company, compiled by Nippon Aqua.





Net Sales of Non- flammable Insulation

Magnification when 2020 is 1

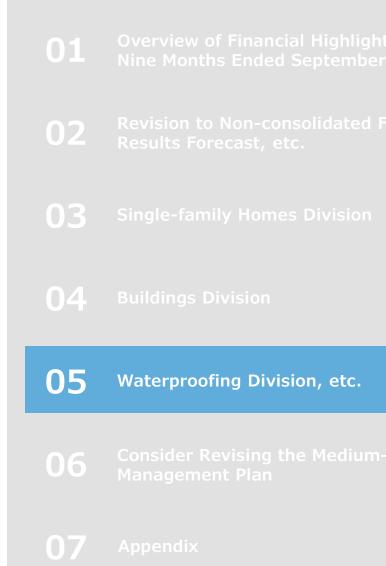


High-performance insulation that is non-flammable and approved by the Minister of Land, Infrastructure, Transport and Tourism

Born from the need for construction sites to eliminate fire risks, it demonstrates a high level of flame-retardant performance when exposed to welding, steel cutting, welding sparks, etc. at construction sites



Agenda







T Waterproofing Division Net sales 435 M yen

OYA	349	М			
YoY	+86	М	+24.6	%	
GPM	(10.1	%)	(1.5	%)	

9M_E	457 M	
vs plan	(21 M)	(4.8 %)
GPM	4.8 %	(1.5 %)

Revised 815 M Remaining 379 M 6.5 % GPM

Noteworthy Items

- ✓Improved recognition through construction records and exhibition effects
- ✓ Repeat orders from PLANT Co., Ltd. (Fukushima Prefecture)
- ✓Increase in non-residential renovation projects
- ✓ Progressing as planned
- ✓ Delays in commencement due to unseasonable weather, but now resolved
- ✓ Advancement in acquiring large-scale projects scheduled for 2025
- Major retail chains
- Third-party logistics

- ✓ Expected to exceed the initial plan
- ✓ Revenue recognition for large-scale projects acquired during the period, including thirdparty logistics

Background of the Division's Strong Performance

- ✓Strengthening the department through the acquisition of talent from competitors
- √Improvement in sales capability and construction proposal capability
- ✓ Along with the accumulation of construction achievements, the company's recognition has increased

	NIPPON
1	AQUA

									Forecast	Forecast
	FY2023 Q1	Q2	Q3	Q4	Total	FY2024 Q1	Q2	Q3	Q4	Total
Waterproofing division sales	126	122	100	139	489	136	124	174	379	815
Single-family homes	90	107	91	123	412	110	93	85	130	420
Non-residential	36	14	9	15	76	25	31	88	249	395
Gross profit	(21)	(12)	(1)	0	(35)	2	(10)	0	59	52

Nine months ended September 30, 2024

Sales of Urethane Raw Materials

1,432 M yen



OYA 1,277 M YoY +155 M +12.1 % GPM 18.4 % ▶ 17.7 %

✓ Sales of materials for buildings have grown.

9M_E 1,664 M vs plan (231 M) (13.9 %) GPM 17.1 % ► 17.7 %

✓ Due to the general delay in the start of construction of buildings, buyers are on hold, postponing the purchase of materials.

Revised 2,235 M
Remaining 803 M
GPM 17.8 %

✓The delay of up to 9 months can be covered with the commencement of construction by the buyers who postponed purchases.

Other Product Sales

2,811 M yen



OYA 2,603 M YoY +208 M +8.0 % GPM 24.3 % ► 23.3 %

✓ Growth through the implementation of auxiliary supplies sales campaigns.

✓Increase in external installation work personnel leads to growth in blowing equipment sales.

9M_E 2,369 M vs plan +442 M +18.7 % GPM 19.1 % ▶ 23.3 %

✓ Growth through the implementation of auxiliary supplies sales campaigns.

✓ Demand for model changes in blowing equipment continues.

Revised 3,610 M
Remaining 798 M
GPM 27.1 %

✓ Achievement of revised plans is possible through strengthening auxiliary supplies sales campaigns, etc.

NIPPON
AQUA

									i di ecast	1 OI Ecast
FY	′2023 Q1	Q2	Q3	Q4	Total	FY2024 Q1	Q2	Q3	Q4	Total
Sales of urethane raw materials	337	428	510	638	1,916	414	507	510	803	2,235
Gross profit	63	82	89	107	342	74	89	89	144	398
Other product sales	770	1,015	817	1,266	3,869	807	866	1,137	798	3,610
Gross profit	177	279	175	336	968	181	162	312	320	977



Expansion of the Chip Urethane Business





Nippon Aqua has received wide-area certification from the Ministry of the Environment for waste such as polyurethane foam insulation and protection materials, and is collecting from construction sites nationwide. The collected waste is consolidated at four recycling plants nationwide for regeneration processing.

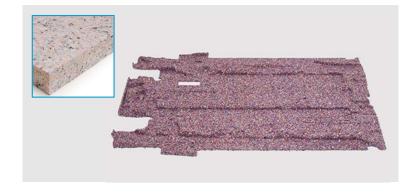
With the expansion of Nippon Aqua's business, the amount of collected waste is increasing. To effectively utilize resources, the surplus waste materials that cannot be covered by AQUA BLOW alone are sold to partnership companies.





Sold as the blowing insulation material "AQUA BLOW"





Under the partnership with a leading domestic company specializing in the urethane business, the chip urethane business is being developed (utilized in automotive interior parts, etc.))



Agenda

- O1 Overview of Financial Highlights for the Nine Months Ended September 30, 2024
- Revision to Non-consolidated Full-year Results Forecast, etc.
- **13** Single-family Homes Division
- **04** Buildings Division
- **05** Waterproofing Division, etc.
- Consider Revising the Medium-term Management Plan
- **07** Appendix



Background of the review

The Medium-Term Management Plan is being revised to increase the forecast for the Single-family Homes Division from the initial estimate, and to increase the good performance of the Waterproofing Division and other net sales (such as auxiliary supplies and spray machinery sales).



Single-Family Homes Division

- √The market environment is more challenging than at the time of the initial plan announcement.
- √The initial plan's annual construction volume increase of 5% presents a high hurdle.
- ✓ From 2025, the full-scale implementation of Insulation Class 6 and the expansion of airtightness testing will lead to an increase in construction unit price.
- ✓ Cost reduction in anticipation of price competition is a challenge.



Waterproofing Division

- √The market environment is robust.
- √The company's increasing recognition is leading to an increase in large-scale renovation projects.
- ✓ Sales targets are revised upward.
- ✓Strengthening the allocation of management resources, considering M&A.



Buildings Division

- √The market environment continues to be robust.
- ✓ Planned annual growth of more than 20% is possible.
- ✓ Measures against delays (construction start delays) are a challenge.
- ✓ Strengthening the allocation of management resources (personnel).



Other Product Sales

- ✓ Sales of urethane raw materials: There is market potential, but no change from the plan due to the need for system development.
- ✓ Sales of machinery: Increase due to strengthening of the construction system (stronger than planned).
- $\checkmark \mbox{Continuation of strengthening the construction system.}$



Consider Revising the Medium-term Management Plan

Original plan				
	FY2024	FY2025	FY2026	
Net sales	31,005	35,632	41,021	
Single-family homes	14,408	15,367	16,503	
Buildings	10,394	12,510	15,119	
Waterproofing	695	1,500	2,500	
Sales of urethane raw materials	2,235	2,578	2,964	
Other product sales	3,271	3,677	3,935	
Operating profit	3,100	3,741	4,512	
Ordinary profit	3,100	3,741	4,512	
Profit	2,092	2,525	3,045	
Dividend per share	34.0	40.0	49.0	

Outline of consideration			
FY2024	FY2025	FY2026	
30,000	33,000-	37,000-	
13,450			
9,890			
815			
2,235			
3,610			
2,600			
2,600			
1,755			
34.0	34.0-	34.0-	





We will continue aiming to achieve sustainable growth as a TSE Primelisted company.



Agenda

07

Appendix



Corporate Profile

Management philosophy

Contributing to society by creating a housing environment that is friendly to people and the Earth

Visions

We exist to reduce total energy demand through innovation in insulation technology, prevent global warming, and at the same time, help people lead healthy and comfortable lives.

Business description

Development, manufacturing, sale, and installation of hard urethane foam for use as building insulation

Development, manufacture, and sale of residential energy conservation-related materials

Company name	Nippon Aqua Co., Ltd.								
Head office	2-16-2 Konan, Minato-ku, Tokyo	Гокуо							
	Taiyo Seimei Shinagawa Building 20th floor								
Established	November 29, 2004								
President & Repres	sentative Director	Fumitaka Nakamura							
Senior Managing D	Director	Yuka Murakami							
Director		Kazuhisa Nagata							
Director		Koji Fujii							
Director		Keiji Usami							
Outside Director		Yoshiaki Takahashi							
Outside Director		Takeshi Kenmochi							
Outside Director Full-time Audit and	d Supervisory Committee Member	Junichi Tamagami							
Outside Director	sory Committee Member	Yuki Matsuda							
Outside Director Audit and Supervis	sory Committee Member	Naofumi Higuchi							
Outside Director Audit and Supervis	sory Committee Member	Hidetaka Nishina							
Capital	1,903 Million yen								
No. of employees	592 people (Non-consolidated)								
		As of June 30, 2024							



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Product Portfolio

Expanding around the core of two-component polyurethane

Polyol

✓An organic compound with a hydroxyl group as the main ingredient.

✓By changing the molecular structure and molecular weight of polyols, the physical properties such as hardness and flexibility of urethane can be adjusted.

Isocyanate

✓An organic compound containing an NCO group.

✓ Forms a urethane bond by reacting with polyols through stirring and other means.

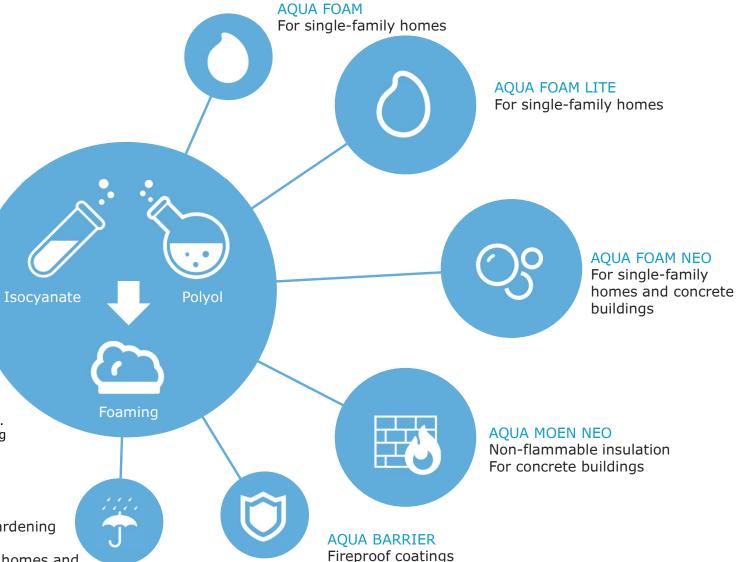
Polyamine

✓An organic compound with multiple amino groups.

✓ Forms AQUA HAJIKUN (polyurea resin) by reacting with isocyanate.

AQUA HAJIKUN

The ultrarapid-hardening waterproofing For single-family homes and concrete buildings



For concrete buildings



Company History

2004 2013 2018 2022 1111 **M**Others **AOUA FOAM** JPX JPX Founded by Fumitaka Listed on the Mothers Changed to the First Transitioned to the Prime Section of the Tokyo Stock Nakamura (current Market of the Tokyo Stock Market of the Tokyo Stock President) as a company Exchange Exchange Exchange engaging in the installation and sales of insulation for single-family homes 2012 2016 2020 2023 **AQUA BLOW** AQUA FOAM for buildings **AQUA HAJIKUN AQUA BARRIER** Entered the insulation Urethane materials recycling The ultrarapid-hardening Fireproof coating agent Commercialized a blowing Low cost, high market for buildings waterproofing adhesiveness, quick drying insulation product Entered the waterproofing market 2014 2019 2021 Non-flammable **AOUA FOAM LITE Technical Center** insulation Nippon Aqua's presence grew Strengthened product 30% reduction in raw material usage (compared to AQUA FOAM) development functions in the market for buildings

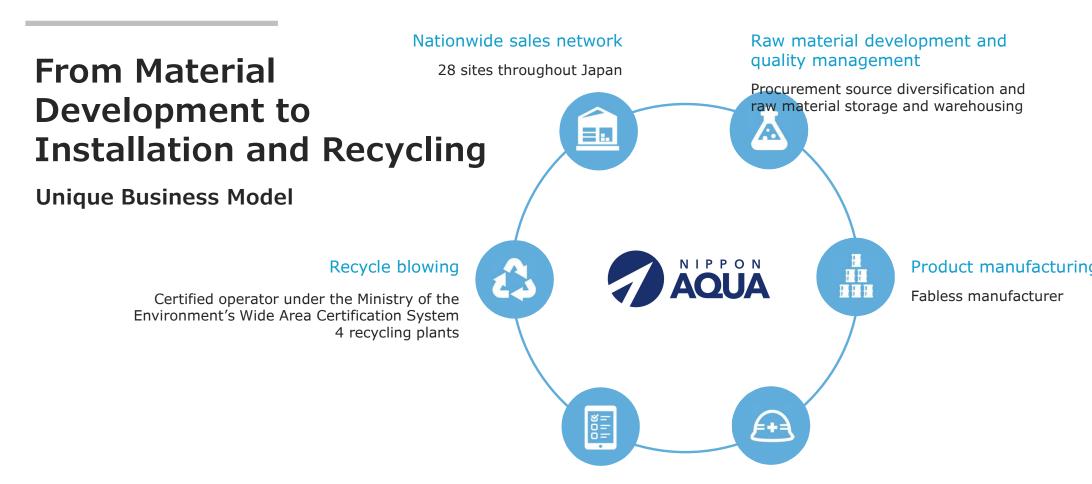
Formulation using plant

derived materials

40

Started manufacturing raw materials







Ensuring work safety and construction quality

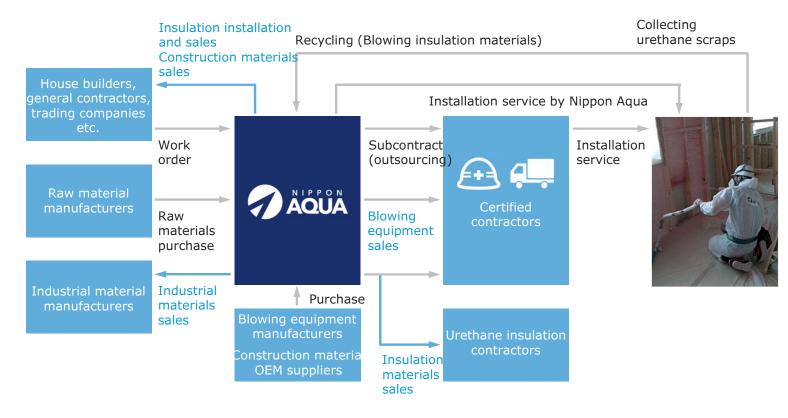
Nationwide construction network

In-house construction + certified contractors



Business Scheme

We undertake insulation work projects as the sole contractor and either do them ourselves or subcontract them out to certified contractors





What is Certified Contractors?

Outsourcing contract Full commission-based

Purchase blowing equipment (installation tool) (a 2-ton truck needed)



No sales activities needed

Contractors can take on projects appropriate for their respective capacities



No royalty

No franchise fee or deposit money



Raw materials are supplied at cost

Supplying raw materials and deducting the cost from payment for the installation work reduces financial burden



Technical training

Broad range of support from basics to practical skills



Performance Trends (Million yen)

JPX 東証一部上場



								東証一部上場				PRIME	
	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	2022	2023
Performance trends													
Net sales	5,475	6,488	9,825	13,020	14,406	15,608	18,052	19,417	21,366	21,872	23,903	25,670	28,341
Gross profit	1,686	1,904	2,444	2,856	3,137	4,027	4,305	3,891	5,403	5,310	4,739	5,784	6,924
Gross profit margin	30.8%	29.3%	24.9%	21.9%	22.3%	25.8%	23.9%	20.0%	25.3%	24.3%	19.8%	22.5%	24.4%
Operating profit	809	662	956	944	1,013	1,404	1,313	766	1,909	1,896	1,412	2,329	2,875
Ordinary profit	807	662	925	937	1,016	1,404	1,419	764	1,909	1,911	1,429	2,359	2,917
Ordinary profit margin	14.7%	10.2%	9.4%	7.2%	7.2%	9.0%	7.9%	3.9%	8.9%	8.7%	6.0%	9.2%	10.3%
Profit	457	364	512	529	137	979	941	489	1,275	1,342	953	1,549	2,004
Sales by item Single-family homes Buildings		5,830 440	8,044 883	8,483 2,392	9,414 2,858	10,903 2,601	11,552 2,715	12,257 3,331	13,244 4,144	12,448 4,848	13,521 5,371	13,873 6,838	13,798 8,267
Waterproofing											128	315	489
Sales of urethane raw mat	erials						613	561	933	1,137	1,098	1,211	1,916
Product sales		218	897	2,144	2,133	2,103	3,171	3,267	3,043	3,438	3,783	3,430	3,869
Gross profit by item													
Single-family homes					2,305	3,038	2,790	2,217	3,544	3,183	2,772	3,542	3,689
Buildings					183	419	526	551	832	1,004	822	1,206	1,963
Waterproofing											20	(16)	(35)
Sales of urethane raw mat	erials						140	113	198	212	177	361	342
, Product sales					648	569	848	1,009	830	909	946	690	968

Other Key Indicators

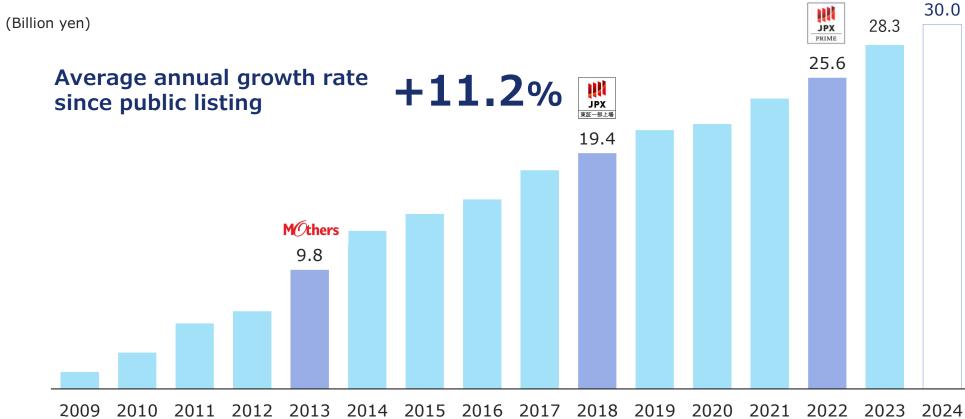




	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	2022	2023
Assets, liabilities, and equity	У												
Net assets	715	1,080	5,103	5,529	5,590	6,663	5,508	5,885	6,843	7,638	7,951	7,966	9,304
Return on equity	94.0%	40.6%	16.6%	10.0%	2.5%	16.0%	15.5%	8.6%	20.0%	18.5%	12.2%	19.5%	23.2%
Total assets	1,993	2,787	7,982	9,138	11,254	12,596	12,806	14,381	15,379	16,021	18,279	21,969	20,392
Total assets turnover	3.20	2.71	1.82	1.52	1.38	1.31	1.42	1.43	1.44	1.39	1.39	1.28	1.34
Equity ratio	35.9%	38.8%	63.9%	60.5%	49.7%	52.9%	43.0%	40.9%	44.5%	47.7%	43.5%	36.3%	45.6%
Interest-bearing debt					1,433	834	2,370	2,776	2,136	2,400	3,166	6,033	2,400
No. of employees													
Sales			160	184	182	206	233	208	218	218	189	209	215
Construction			234	246	206	185	132	180	188	196	168	156	220
Management			21	20	35	27	62	57	69	73	81	58	66
Total	194	298	415	450	423	418	427	445	475	487	438	423	501
Stock-related (after reflecting 1:5 stock split on January 1, 2015)													
Stock price at the end of t	he period (yen)	663	845	438	414	498	437	627	649	687	828	887
Market value			22,892	29,176	15,209	14,960	18,038	15,180	21,792	22,559	23,880	28,781	30,832
Net assets per share (yen)		147.81	160.15	161.01	184.40	171.31	182.36	211.88	236.46	246.09	254.41	296.24
Dividend per share (yen)			3.00	3.00	3.00	3.00	4.00	10.00	17.00	20.00	20.00	24.00	32.00
Basic earnings per share (yen)		20.61	15.33	3.97	27.61	27.84	15.19	39.50	41.57	29.52	47.99	63.83
Price earnings ratio			32.20	55.10	110.30	15.00	17.90	28.80	15.90	15.60	23.30	17.30	13.90

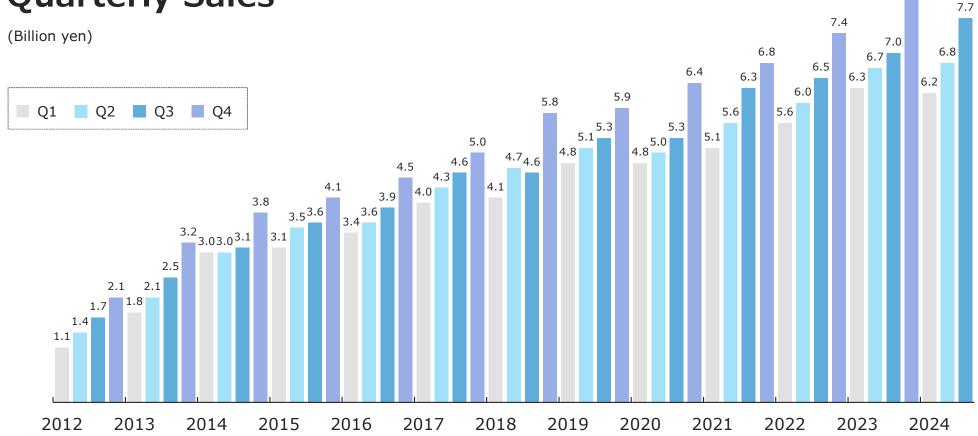


Sales Trend





Quarterly Sales





8.1

Quarterly Ordinary Profit (Million yen) ■ Q1 ■ Q2 ■ Q3 ■ Q4 464⁴⁷² 311₃₀₂ 244 171₁₆₃ (64)





Home and Building Construction Aimed at Realizing a Carbon Free Society

Japan's targets for decarbonization

Reduce greenhouse gases by 46% by FY2030 (vs. FY2013) (equivalent to 62.4 million kl of crude oil)

5.5% reduction for the housing sector (equivalent to 3.44 million kl of crude oil). Suggested measures: Improve energy conservation performance of new homes and renovate existing homes for higher insulation performance

8.7% reduction for the buildings sector (equivalent to 5.46 million kl of crude oil). Suggested measures: Improve energy conservation performance of new buildings and renovate existing buildings for higher energy conservation performance



FY2030 Greenhouse gas reduction target



62.4 million kl (crude oil equivalent)



5.5% 3.44 million kl



Buildings 8.7% 5.46 million kl





The Vision for Housing and Buildings in 2030



Ensure energy-saving performance at ZEH and ZEB levels.



60% are equipped with solar power generation systems.





Raise the mandatory standards to the ZEH level

Insulation performance class 5* (UA value for region 6 = 0.60) BEI=0.8*

*Please refer to insulation performance class P21, BEI is P20.



Raise the mandatory standards to the ZEB level.

For medium to large scale, BEI=0.6/0.7 depending on the use. For small scale, BEI=0.5



Support through loans and tax measures.



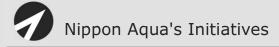
Implementation of energy-saving performance labeling.





Improvement in the performance of equipment and building materials.

Source: Created by Nippon Aqua based on the Ministry of Land, Infrastructure, Transport and Tourism's "Study Group on Energy Saving Measures for Housing and Buildings Towards a Decarbonized Society".



The Thermal Conductivity of the Two Main Products Has Changed, Improving Insulation Performance

The ease with which heat is transmitted is expressed numerically as thermal conductivity.

What is improved thermal conductivity (enhancement of insulation performance)?

Thermal conductivity indicates how much heat (W) is transmitted per square meter when the thickness of the material is 1m and the temperature difference between both sides is 1 degree Celsius and is expressed in units of W/(mK).

A simplified method for calculating the U value (thermal transmittance) (The UA value is the average of the U values for each part)

U value (W/m2K) = 1/thermal resistance value

Thermal resistance value (m2K/W) = thickness of the material (m) / thermal conductivity (W/mK)



Industry's Highest Standard

0.036



0.033 W/mK

U value=0.388

Calculated based on the premise of 85mm spray application



0.038

0.036 W/mK

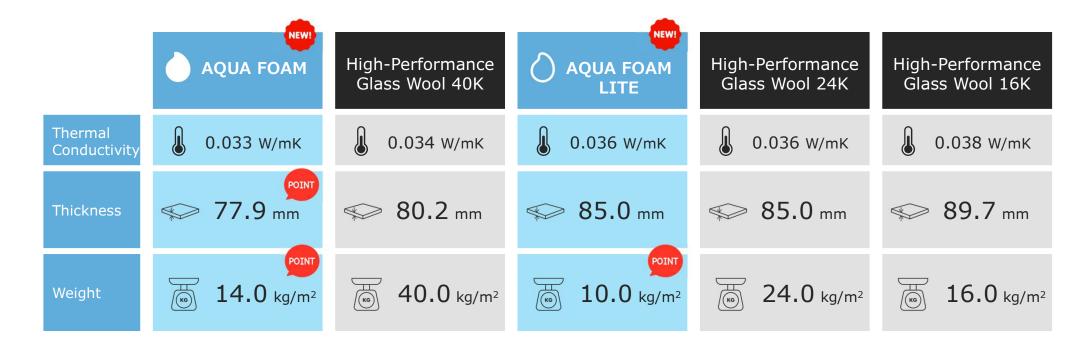
U value=0.423

Calculated based on the premise of 85mm spray application



Thermal Conductivity and Insulation Thickness

To achieve the same insulation performance as AQUA FOAM LITE (thickness 85mm)





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What is ZEH (Net Zero Energy House)?

One of the concrete measures to improve energy conservation performance in the housing sector is to spread ZEH (Net Zero Energy House).

ZEH is a house that reduces the annual consumption of primary energy at home to virtually zero through the combination of insulation, energy conservation, and energy creation.

A similar initiative called ZEB (Net Zero Energy Building) is being undertaken for buildings.



Primary energy consumption









Energy Efficiency Labeling System

To achieve zero-energy buildings and houses, it is essential to enable everyone to choose buildings based on energy efficiency performance.

From April 2024, it will be a due diligence obligation for businesses selling or leasing buildings and houses to display an energy efficiency label.



For single-family homes and Condominiums

Defines energy consumption performance and insulation performance.



For non-residential

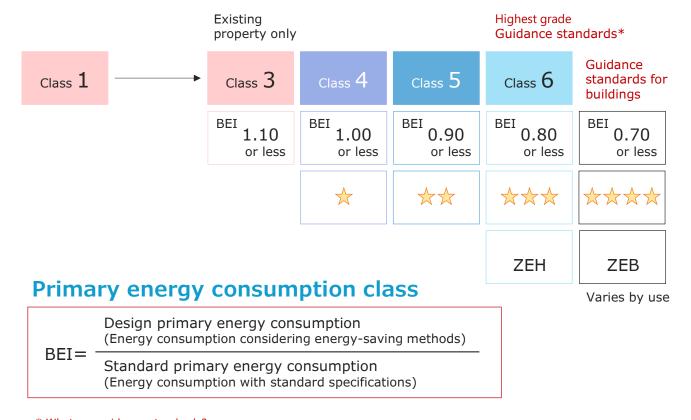
Defines energy consumption performance.





What is Energy Consumption Performance?





^{*} What are guidance standards? Standards intended to guide the promotion of improved energy efficiency performance, which must be met for the certification of energy efficiency improvement plans. Established under the Building Energy Saving Law. Enforced from April 1, 2016.

Source: Ministry of Land, Infrastructure, Transport and Tourism * Home performance indication system based on the Housing Quality Assurance Act



What is Insulation Performance?



Guidance Highest grade standards Class 2 Class 3 Class 5 Class 7 Class 1 Class 4 Class 6 **UA** value UA value **UA** value UA value UA value UA value Region 6 such as Tokyo 1.67 1.54 0.87 0.60 0.46 0.26 nAC value nAC value nAC value nAC value nAC value Region 6 such as Tokyo 3.8 2.8 2.8 2.8 2.8 HEAT20 HEAT20 ZEH G2 G3

Insulation performance class

UA value = Average thermal transmittance of the envelope (Ease of heat escape from buildings)

 $\eta \text{AC value} = \begin{array}{l} \text{Average solar heat gain coefficient during the cooling period} \\ \text{(Ease of solar heat gain into buildings)} \end{array}$



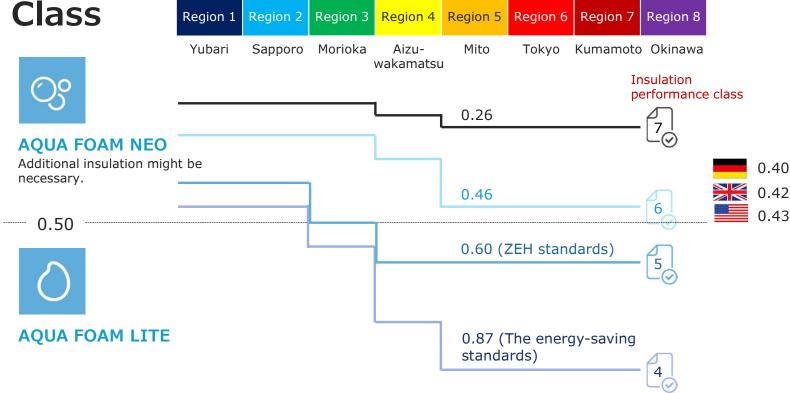
Regional Categorization and Insulation Class

Envelope Performance Level

Impacts that single-family homes with higher insulation classes and the spread of ZEH will have on the Company's performance

Standards of insulation classes are not unified nationwide but are categorized by region according to climate, etc. (See representative cities for each region on the right) Many metropolitan cities, including Tokyo, Nagoya, Osaka, Yokohama, and Kobe, are classified into Region 6.

UA value (average coefficient of heat transmission for outside walls) for insulation Class 5 differs from one region to another; the smaller the value is, the higher insulation performance is required





(UA value)



Difference in Specification between Insulation Classes

Region 6 such as Tokyo



Class 4

The energy-saving standards



AOUA FOAM LITE



Metal Double glazing Low-E



Thermal insulated entrance door

When the insulation class is upgraded, not only the insulation material but also the thermal insulation performance of doors and sashes needs to be enhanced, resulting in construction costs higher than the energysaving standard (Class 4).



Class 5

ZEH standards



AOUA FOAM LITE



AQUA FOAM



Metal/Resin Double glazing Low-E



Thermal insulated entrance door

According to our company's estimates, for a standard detached house in region 6 such as Tokyo, reaching the ZEH level (Class 5) increases the thickness of the insulation material, making the construction unit price 1.2 to 1.5 times higher than the energysaving standard (Class 4).



Class 6

TOKYO ZERO EMISSION HOUSES



AOUA FOAM*



OP AQUA FOAM NEO



Metal/Resin Triple glazing Low-E (2 panels)



Thermal insulated entrance door

For Tokyo Zero Emission Houses, etc. (Class 6), either AQUA FOAM or the superior product AQUA FOAM NEO is used, and the construction unit price is 1.7 to 3.0 times higher than the energysaving standard (Class 4).

*From April 2024, due to the improved thermal conductivity of AOUA FOAM, enhancing its insulation performance, specifications 58 for Class 6 have become possible, albeit with conditions.

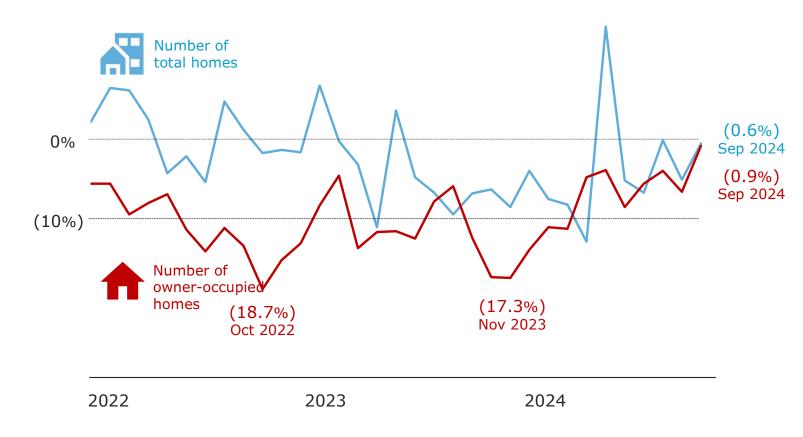


Number of housing starts

(year-on-year)

Our Single-family Homes Division has a high level of affinity with owner-occupied homes, as there are many custom-built houses being constructed

In addition, the Buildings Division also performs construction on new condominiums





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Inquiries

Corporate Planning Dept., Administration Division (Person in charge: Masahiko Komuro) m.komuro@n-aqua.com

Disclaimer and Notes Regarding Forward-Looking Statements

The purpose of this document is to provide information on the financial and management information of Nippon Aqua Co., Ltd., and is not intended as a solicitation for investment or any similar action. Please note that actual investment decisions should be made at your own discretion and responsibility. Although the statements in this document are prepared based on various data that are believed to be reliable, the Company does not guarantee their accuracy or safety. This document is presented with the assumption that investors will use it at their own discretion and responsibility for any purpose, and the Company assumes no responsibility whatsoever.

This document contains forward-looking statements, including our plans. These forward-looking statements are based on information available at the time of preparation and involve various risks and uncertainties. Therefore, please note that actual results may differ significantly due to various factors. We assume no obligation to update, alter or revise any forward-looking statements in light of new information, future events or other findings.

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